# HALF YEARLY REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Un-Audited)



**ELLCOT SPINNING MILLS LTD.** 



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### COMPANY INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh Non-Executive Director / Chairman Mr. Syed Moaz Mohiuddin Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Jamal Nasim (Nominee NIT)
Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh
Mr. Raza Ellahi Shaikh
Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh
Mr. Shafgat Ellahi Shaikh
Mr. Shafgat Ellahi Shaikh
Mr. Shafgat Ellahi Shaikh
Executive Director

Secretary

MANAGING DIRECTOR (Chief Executive) Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh

AUDIT COMMITTEE Mr. Syed Moaz Mohiuddin Chairman
Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh Member
Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh Member

Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh Member
Mr. Syed Mohsin Gilani Secretary

HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION (HR & R)

COMMITTEE

Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh

Member

Mr. Raza Ellahi Shaikh

Member

Mr. Muhammad Azam

Secretary

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh Chairman
Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh Member
Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh Member
Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh Member

CORPORATE SECRETARY Mr. Syed Mohsin Gilani

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (CFO) Mr. Muhammad Ahmad

AUDITORS Messrs Rahman Sarfraz Rahim Igbal Rafig

**Chartered Accountants** 

Mr. Muhammad Azam

**LEGAL ADVISOR** Bandial & Associates

LEAD BANKERS Albaraka Bank (Pakistan) Ltd.

Allied Bank Ltd. Askari Bank Ltd. Bank Alfalah Ltd. Faysal Bank Ltd. Habib Bank Ltd. Mcezan Bank Ltd. MCB Bank Ltd.

National Bank of Pakistan

Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Ltd.

The Bank of Punjab United Bank Ltd.

REGISTERED OFFICE Nagina House

91-B-1, M.M. Alam Road, Gulberg-III, Lahore - 54660.

WEB REFERENCE www.nagina.com

SHARE REGISTRAR M/s Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Ltd.

1<sup>st</sup> Floor, H.M. House 7-Bank Square, Lahore Phone # 042-37235081-2 Fax # 042-37358817

MILLS 6.3 K.M, Manga Mandi, Raiwind Road,

Mouza Rossa, Tehsil & District Kasur.

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS**

The Directors are pleased to present the un-audited condensed interim financial information of the company for the half year ended on December 31, 2016 duly reviewed by the auditors. The comparative figures for the corresponding half year ended on December 31, 2015 are included for comparison, except in balance sheet where figures are for the year ended on June 30, 2016.

### **Company Performance**

Alhamdulillah, despite turbulent operating environment your Company has been able to remain profitable. Profits after tax for the 1st half year ended is Rs.46,587,503 or 1.97% of sales compared to Rs. 9,348,814 or 0.46% during the corresponding period of last year. This has been possible due to better selling margins and cost effective strategies. Earning per share (EPS) for the period is Rs. 4.25 compared to Rs. 0.85 for the corresponding period of last year.

Sales revenue for the period under review is Rs.2,360,796,852 compared to Rs.2,023,871,858 during the corresponding period of last year showing increase of 16.65%. Revenue increased due to better prices of the finished goods. Cost of sales reduced from 94.34% of sales during the same period of last year to 93.29% of sales during the 1st half year ended under review, resulted increase in GP from 5.66% of sales to 6.71% of sales.

Overall operating expenses decreased from 3.51% of sales during last year to 3.12% of sales during the current half year. The major reason of reduction in operating expenses is more focus on local sales for which pricing terms are normally on ex-factory basis.

The Company has been able to generate stable cash flows and timely discharge of all its operating and financial liabilities. Finance cost increased by 10.63% over same period of last year, owing to higher utilization of working capital financing facilities.

According to the figures issued by the Pakistan Cotton Ginners Association, for the crop year 2016-17, Kapas, (seed cotton) arrivals upto February 03, 2017, at the Ginneries totaled 10.635 million bales compared to 9.613 million bales for similar period of the year 2015-16 showing increase in arrival of 10.63%.

### **Future Outlook**

Spinning industry operating environment continues to remain volatile. Yarn demand is still under pressure. Major yarn importing regions are full of cheap yarn from India and Vietnam. Our competing countries have better operating conditions because of persistent devaluation of their currencies and subsidies. The aggressive policies of our competing countries are forcing prices of textile products to remain low. Pakistani rupee is maintaining relative strength against the USD and reducing our international competitiveness. However Government has recently announced textile package by virtue of which weaving and spinning sector would be entitled to 4% rebate on export proceeds realization. This is a long awaited welcome step taken by the government. This measure would likely to help in regaining Pakistani textile products share in international markets. Initially the package is confined to exports done by June 30, 2017 and is likely to continue conditionally thereafter for another one year.



Prices of raw cotton has started to surge because of global projected crop shortage. This increase in cotton prices are likely to exert upward pressure on yarn prices. Management is hopeful that consequently this will lead to increase in yarn prices and margins in the second half of the year.

In order to deal with all the challenges, management is pursuing a policy of cost effective strategies, aggressive marketing and production of value added products to keep the company profitable.

It is hoped that the Government will support the textile industry by expediting refunds of various taxes, providing sufficient gas to operate the mills, allow the market to establish the fair value of the Pakistani rupee against the USD and encourage value addition in the textile sector.

### Acknowledgement

Lahore: February 23, 2017.

Despite adverse conditions profitable results have been possible due to continued diligence and devotion of the staff and workers of the Company. The continued good human relations at all levels deserve acknowledgement. The Directors also wish to place on record their gratitude to the bankers for their continued support to the company.

On behalf of the Board.

Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh

Mg. Director (Chief Executive)

# ممبران کے لئے ڈائز یکٹررز کی پورٹ

ڈ اکر کیٹرز 31 دیمبر 2016 کوٹھٹمہ شتمای کے لئے آڈیٹرز سے جائزہ شدہ کمپنی کی غیرنظر قانی شدہ مالیاتی معلومات بیش کرتے ہوئے خوثی محسوں کرتے ہیں۔ 31 دسمبر 2015 موفق ہونے وفلی ششمای کے تقابلی اعداد دشار موازنہ کے لئے شامل کئے گئے ہیں۔ بیکنس شیٹ میں تقابلی اعداد دشار 20 جون 2016 موفقٹمہ سال کے لئے ہیں۔

## سمینی کی کارکردگی

ائدوللد آپ كى كمينى كشيده آپريئنگ ماحول كے بادجود منافع بخش رئى ہے۔ مختمہ بيبل ششائى كا بعد ازليس منافع ، گزشته سال كى اى مت كے دوران 9.348,814 روپ يافروخت كا 0.46 فيصد كے مقالبے ش 46,587,503 روپ يافروخت كا 1.97 فيصد ہوا۔ بيرمنافع بهتر فروخت مارجن اورالا كمت پر موكز حكمت عمليوں كى بدولت ممكن ہوا۔ رواں ششائى كے لئے فى شيئر آمدنى (EPS) ، گزشته سال كى اى مدت كى 8.85 روپ EPS ، كے مقالبا

زیر جائزہ مدت کے لئے فروضت کی آمدن گزشتہ سال کی ای مدت کے دوران 2,023,871,858 روپ کے مقابلے 2,360,796,852 روپ ہے، جو گزشتہ سال سے 16.65 فیصد اضافہ طاہر کررہ ہی ہے۔ آمدنی میں اضافہ نیاراشیاء کی بہتر قیہتوں کی دوجہ سے ہوا۔ فروضت کی لاگت، گزشتہ سال کی اس مدت کے دوران فروخت کی 93,29 فیصد ہوگئی جس کے نتیجہ میں مجموعی منافع (GP) فروخت کا 5.666 فیصد ہوگئی جس کے نتیجہ میں مجموعی منافع (GP) فروخت کا 5.666 فیصد ہوگئی جس کے نتیجہ میں مجموعی منافع (GP) فروخت کا 65.66

مجوی آپریٹنگ اخراجات تقایلی مدت میں کم ہوکر فروخت کے 3.12 فیصد کے مقابلے میں فروخت کے 3.12 فیصدر ہے۔ آپریٹنگ اخراجات میں کی کی بڑی وجہ مقامی فروعت پر زیادہ توجہ جس کے لئے پرائنگ عام طور پراکیس فیکٹری بنیاد پر ہیں۔

کمپنی ایے تمام آپریٹنگ اور مائی واجبات کی بروقت اوائیکیوں اور متکم نفذی بہاؤ پیدا کرنے کے قابل دوئی سالی لا گت، ورکنگ کمپنل قنائنگ سولیات کے زیادہ استعمال کی وجہ سے گزشتہ سال کی ای عدمت کے مقالبے جس 10.63 فیصد سے بڑھ گئی ہے۔

کراپ سال 17-2016 کے لئے ، یا کستان کا ٹن جز زایسوی ایشن کی طرف سے جاری کردہ اعداد و شارکے مطابق کیاس، (ﷺ کیاس) 034 فروری 2017 تک جزیز بیش آمرگز شیز سال 16-2015 کی اس مدت میں 9.613 ملین گانشوں کے متعالمینے میں 10.63 فیصدا ضافہ کے ساتھ 10.635 ملین گانشیس دی۔

# متنتبل كانظ لظر

سپنگ صنعت کا آپریٹنگ ماعولی غیر متحکم رہا۔ بارون کی طلب اب بھی دیاؤ کا شکار ہے۔ یاون درآ ند کرنے والے اہم ممالک، بھارت اور ویفام سے درآ ندشدہ سیتے یاون سے بھرے بڑے ہیں۔ ہمارے مسابقتی ممالک کے آپریٹنگ حالات، اپنی حکومت کی سیسٹریز اور ساز گارا بھینچ ریٹس کے نتیجے ہیں، بہتر ہیں۔ المارے مسابقتی مما لک کی جارحانہ پالیسیاں ٹیکٹائل مصنوعات کی قینتیں کم رکھنے پر مجبور کررہی ہیں۔ امریکی ڈالرے مقابلے پاکستانی روپیہ کی قدر برقر ارری جو کہ ہماری بیان الاقوا می مسابقت کو کم کر رہی ہے۔ ہما محکومت نے حال ہی ہیں ایک ٹیکٹائل پیکٹی گااعلان کیا ہے جس میں و پونگ اور سپذک شجے برآ مدات سے حاصل ہونے والی دقوم پر 4 فیصد رعایت کے حقال اور لیسٹی کی طرف سے اٹھایا گیا بیا قدام خوش آئند ہے۔ بیافدام بین الاقوا می میٹریوں میں پاکستانی ٹیکٹائل مصنوعات کا اپنا حصد حاصل کرنے میں مدکر ہے گا۔ ابتدائی طور پر بین کی 30 جون 2017 تک کی گی برآ مدات کے لیے شخص ہے میٹریوں میں پاکستانی ٹیکٹائل مصنوعات کا اپنا حصد حاصل کرنے میں مدکر ہے گا۔ ابتدائی طور پر بین کی مصل کی وجہ سے براصنا شروع ہوگئ ہیں۔ کیاس کی قیمتوں اور مشروط طور پر مزیدا کی دوسری ششاہتی میں یارن کی قیمتوں اور مارجن میں بیان کی قیمتوں اور مارجن میں بیان کی قیمتوں اور مارجن میں بیان کی قیمتوں اور مارجن

تمام چیلنجز سے منطقے کے لئے انظامیہ موکز لاگتی تھکت عملیوں، جارحانہ مارکیٹنگ اور کمپنی کومنافع بخش رکھنے کے لئے ویلیوایڈ ڈ مصنوعات پیدا کرنے کی پالیسی پر عمل بیرا ہے۔

امید ہے کہ حکومت مختلف شیکسوں کی رقوم کی واپسی میں تیزی لانے، ملوں کو چلاتے کے لئے وافر کیس کی فراہمی، امریکی ڈالر کے مقالبے پاکستانی روپے کی مناسب قدر قائم رکھ کراور ٹیکشائل شعبہ میں وہلیوا ٹیریشن کی حوصلہ افزائی میں تیزی کا کر، ٹیکشائل صنعت کی مدوکرے گی۔

اظهادتشكر

سینی کے عملے اور کارکنوں کی مسلسل محنت اور جذب اور تمام سطحوں پر اچھے تعلقات کا اعتر اف کرتے ہیں۔ ڈائر کیٹرز، بینکرز اور دیگر حصہ داروں کا بھی کمپنی کی مسلسل تمایت برشکر بیادا کرتے ہیں۔

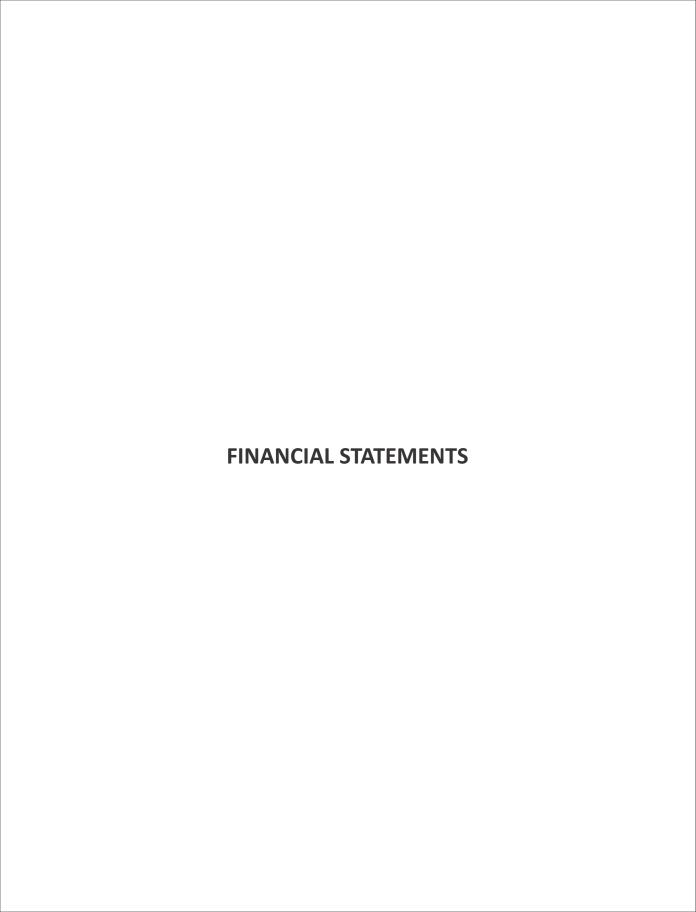
خيا تريب پورژ

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شفقت إلى شق

میتنگ ڈائزیٹر(چیف ایگزیکٹو)

23 قروري 2017





### Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq

Chartered Accountants

72-A, Faisal Town, Lahore. T: +92 42 35160431 - 35160432 F: +92 42 35160433

### Auditors' report to the Members on Review of Interim Financial Information

### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim balance sheet of **Elicot Spinning Mills Limited** ("the Company") as at December 31, 2016 and the related condensed interim profit and loss account, condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, condensed interim cash flow statement, condensed interim statement of changes in equity and notes to the condensed interim financial statements for the six months period then ended (here-in-after referred to as ("the condensed interim financial information"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed interim financial information in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed interim financial information based on our review. The figures for the three months period ended December 31, 2016 of the condensed interim profit and loss account and condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income have not been reviewed as we are required to review only cumulative figures for the six months period ended on that date.

### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of interim financial information consist of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

RAHMAN SARFARAZ RAHM IQ Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: IRFAN REHMAN MALIK

Lahore: February 23, 2017



### **CONDENSED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET** AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Note	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016
		Rupees	Rupees
		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized capital			
20,000,000 (June 30, 2016: 20,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 ea	ich	200,000,000	200,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital		109,500,000	109,500,000
Capital reserves		34,843,255	8,212,161
Accumulated profit		1,309,032,041	1,300,769,538
TOTAL EQUITY		1,453,375,296	1,418,481,699
LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term finances		546,909,451	539,712,204
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		-	-
Employees retirement benefits		70,901,978	66,908,522
Deferred taxation		52,031,536	52,031,536
		669,842,965	658,652,262
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables		306,731,069	239,845,121
Accrued interest/markup		11,429,939	11,201,552
Short term borrowings		860,623,784	452,833,638
Current portion of non-current liabilities		68,840,750	89,281,356
		1,247,625,542	793,161,667
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,917,468,507	1,451,813,929
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	6		

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh

Director

	Note	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016
		Rupees	Rupees
		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Fixed assets	7	1,184,504,196	1,213,576,874
Long term deposits		7,090,700	7,090,700
		1,191,594,896	1,220,667,574
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spares and loose tools		60,111,273	43,623,721
Stock in trade		1,190,023,432	738,170,879
Trade debts		315,465,771	281,423,824
Advances, prepayments and other receivables		324,094,340	206,010,087
Short term investments		183,812,040	119,964,290
Advance income tax		75,281,101	84,239,692
Cash and bank balances		30,460,950	176,195,561
		2,179,248,907	1,649,628,054

**TOTAL ASSETS** 3,370,843,803 2,870,295,628

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.



## CONDENSED INTERIM PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT (UN-AUDITED)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Six month ber 31, 2016 Rupees 360,796,852 202,462,520) 158,334,332 (15,466,967) (52,938,917)	December 31, 2015  Rupees  2,023,871,858  (1,909,324,805)  114,547,053  (24,283,479) (43,874,272)	Three mont December 31, 2016 Rupees  1,331,662,279  (1,254,015,776)  77,646,503  (9,112,500) (25,972,391)	2ths ended  December 31, 2015  Rupees  988,165,259  (929,137,278)  59,027,981  (9,444,825) (21,642,917)
Rupees 360,796,852 202,462,520) 158,334,332 (15,466,967) (52,938,917)	Rupees 2,023,871,858 (1,909,324,805) 114,547,053 (24,283,479) (43,874,272)	77,646,503	Rupees 988,165,259 (929,137,278) 59,027,981 (9,444,825)
360,796,852 202,462,520) 158,334,332 (15,466,967) (52,938,917)	2,023,871,858 (1,909,324,805) 114,547,053 (24,283,479) (43,874,272)	1,331,662,279 (1,254,015,776) 77,646,503	988,165,259 (929,137,278) 59,027,981 (9,444,825)
202,462,520) 158,334,332 (15,466,967) (52,938,917)	(1,909,324,805) 114,547,053 (24,283,479) (43,874,272)	(1,254,015,776) 77,646,503 (9,112,500)	(929,137,278) 59,027,981 (9,444,825)
158,334,332 (15,466,967) (52,938,917)	114,547,053 (24,283,479) (43,874,272)	77,646,503	59,027,981
(15,466,967) (52,938,917)	(24,283,479) (43,874,272)	(9,112,500)	(9,444,825)
(52,938,917)	(43,874,272)	1 '' '	
	' ' ' '	(25,972,391)	(21.642.917)
	(2.012.250)		, -,, ,
(5,203,477)	(2,912,256)	(2,477,161)	(1,808,806)
(73,609,361)	(71,070,007)	(37,562,052)	(32,896,548)
84,724,971	43,477,046	40,084,451	26,131,433
8,531,798	9,273,404	6,440,169	4,856,034
93,256,769	52,750,450	46,524,620	30,987,467
(23,863,620)	(21,570,175)	(13,343,912)	(11,657,918)
69,393,149	31,180,275	33,180,708	19,329,549
(22,805,646)	(21,831,461)	(11,960,065)	(11,384,103)
46,587,503	9,348,814	21,220,643	7,945,446
	0.95	1 94	0.73
	(22,805,646) 46,587,503	(22,805,646) (21,831,461) 46,587,503 9,348,814	(22,805,646) (21,831,461) (11,960,065)

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

Lahore: February 23, 2017.

Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh
Director



# CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED)

### FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Six mon	ths ended	Three mo	nths ended
	December 31, 2016	<b>December 31, 2016</b> December 31, 2015 <b>Decemb</b>		December 31, 2015
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Changes in fair value of available for sale financial assets	26,631,094	(6,139,322)	-	-
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income/(loss) before taxation	26,631,094	(6,139,322)	-	-
Taxation	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive Income/(loss) after taxation	26,631,094	(6,139,322)	-	-
Profit after taxation	46,587,503	9,348,814	21,220,643	7,945,446
Total comprehensive income	73,218,597	3,209,492	21,220,643	7,945,446

The annexed notes 1 to 16 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

Lahore: February 23, 2017.

Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh Director



# **CONDENSED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (UN-AUDITED)**FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Six mont	hs ended
	December 31, 2016	
	Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before taxation	69,393,149	31,180,275
Adjustments for non-cash items		
Depreciation	61,752,790	50,680,946
Amortization	619,999	l
Provision for employees retirement benefits  Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	12,554,262 (12,218)	4,350,948
Gain on sale of short term investments	(1,439,324)	(7,947,604
Interest/markup on borrowings	23,863,620	21,570,175
	97,339,129	68,604,634
Operating profit before changes in working capital	166,732,278	99,784,909
Changes in working capital		
Stores, spares and loose tools	(16,487,552)	(802,105
Stock in trade	(451,852,553)	(195,916,852
Trade debts	(34,041,947)	1 1 ' '
Advances, prepayments and other receivables	(118,084,253) 66,471,052	(58,057,404 18,383,769
Trade and other payables	(553,995,253)	
Net cash used in operations	(387,262,975)	
Payments for	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	( ,, , , , ,
Interest/markup on borrowings	(23,635,233)	(23,386,739
Income tax	(13,847,055)	
Employees retirement benefits	(8,560,806)	(6,191,189
Net cash used in operating activities	(433,306,069)	(176,726,035
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(33,869,893)	(8,748,985
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	582,000	1,103,173
Purchase of short term investments Proceeds from disposal of short term investments	(237,216,656) 201,439,324	1 1 1 1 1 1
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	(69,065,225)	782,495,539 127,907,738
	(05,003,223)	127,507,730
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
ong term finances obtained	52,148,841	
Repayment of long term finances Repayment of liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	(64,492,425) (899,775)	(32,500,000
Dividend paid	(37,910,104)	
Net increase in short term borrowings	407,790,146	162,637,158
Net cash generated from financing activities	356,636,683	90,295,915
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(145,734,611)	41,477,618
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	176,195,561	148,674,604
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	30,460,950	190,152,222
The annexed notes $f 1$ to $f 16$ form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.		
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Lahore: February 23, 2017.

Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh Director



# CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Share capital	Capital reserves		Revenue reserve		
	Issued subscribed and paid-up capital	Changes in fair value of available for sale financial assets	Capital reserve	Total	Accumulated profit	Total equity
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Balance as at June 30, 2015 - Audited	109,500,000	-	7,760,000	7,760,000	1,267,426,918	1,384,686,918
Comprehensive income						
Profit after taxation Other comprehensive loss		- (6,139,322)	-	- (6,139,322)	9,348,814	9,348,814 (6,139,322)
Total comprehensive income	-	(6,139,322)	-	(6,139,322)	9,348,814	3,209,492
Transaction with owners						
Final dividend @ 35% i.e. Rs. 3.5 per ordinary share	-	-	-	-	(38,325,000)	(38,325,000)
Balance as at December 31, 2015 - Un-audited	109,500,000	(6,139,322)	7,760,000	1,620,678	1,238,450,732	1,349,571,410
Balance as at January 01, 2016 - Un-audited	109,500,000	(6,139,322)	7,760,000	1,620,678	1,238,450,732	1,349,571,410
Comprehensive income						
Profit after taxation Other comprehensive income	-	- 6,591,483		- 6,591,483	61,815,731 503,075	61,815,731 7,094,558
Total comprehensive income	-	6,591,483	-	6,591,483	62,318,806	68,910,289
Transaction with owners	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2016 - Audited	109,500,000	452,161	7,760,000	8,212,161	1,300,769,538	1,418,481,699
Balance as at July 01, 2016 - Audited	109,500,000	452,161	7,760,000	8,212,161	1,300,769,538	1,418,481,699
Comprehensive income						
Profit after taxation Other comprehensive income		- 26,631,094		- 26,631,094	46,587,503	46,587,503 26,631,094
Total comprehensive income	-	26,631,094	-	26,631,094	46,587,503	73,218,597
Transaction with owners						
Final dividend @ 35% i.e. Rs. 3.5 per ordinary share	-	-	-	-	(38,325,000)	(38,325,000)
Balance as at December 31, 2016 - Un-audited	109,500,000	27,083,255	7,760,000	34,843,255	1,309,032,041	1,453,375,296

Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh
Director

Lahore: February 23, 2017.

# NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

### 1 REPORTING ENTITY

Ellcot Spinning Mills Limited ("the Company") is incorporated in Pakistan as a Public Limited Company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company is a spinning unit engaged in the manufacture and sale of yarn. The registered office of the Company is situated at Nagina House, 91-B-1, M.M. Alam Road, Gulberg III, Lahore. The manufacturing facility is located in District Kasur in the Province of Punjab.

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial information contained in this interim financial report is un-audited and has been presented in condensed form and does not include all the information as is required to be provided in a full set of annual financial statements. This condensed interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2016.

This condensed interim financial information has been subjected to limited scope review by the auditors of the company, as required by the Code of Corporate Governance. The comparative interim balance sheet as at June 30, 2016 and the related notes to the condensed interim financial information are based on audited financial statements. The comparative interim profit and loss account, interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, interim cash flow statement, interim statement of changes in equity and related notes to the condensed interim financial information for the half year ended December 31, 2015 are based on unaudited, reviewed interim financial information. The interim profit and loss account and interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the quarters ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are neither audited nor reviewed.

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

This interim financial report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard 34 - Interim Financial Reporting, and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case where requirements differ, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 have been followed.

### 2.2 Basis of measurement

The financial information contained in this interim report has been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments at fair value/amortized cost and employees retirement benefits at present value. In this financial information, except for the amounts reflected in the cash flow statement, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

### 2.3 Judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which forms the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Subsequently, actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

### 2.4 Functional currency

This financial information is prepared in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional currency.

### 3 NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS EFFECTIVE DURING THE YEAR.

The following new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments are effective in the current year but are either not relevant to the Company or their application does not have any material impact on the financial statements of the Company other than presentation and disclosures.

### IFRS 14 - Regulatory Deferral Accounts (2014)

The standard permits an entity which is a first-time adopter of International Financial Reporting Standards to continue to account, with some limited changes, for 'regulatory deferral account balances' in accordance with its previous GAAP, both on initial adoption of IFRS and in subsequent financial statements.

### Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (Amendments to IAS 27 - Separate Financial Statements)

IAS 27 - Separate Financial Statements has been amended to permit investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates to be optionally accounted for using the equity method in separate financial statements.

### Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations (Amendments to IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements)

IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements has been amended to require an acquirer of an interest in a joint operation in which the activity constitutes a business (as defined in IFRS 3 Business Combinations) to:

- Apply all of the business combinations accounting principles in IFRS 3 and other IFRSs, except for those principles that conflict with the guidance in IFRS 11.
- Disclose the information required by IFRS 3 and other IFRSs for business combinations.

The amendments apply both to the initial acquisition of an interest in joint operation, and the acquisition of an additional interest in a joint operation (in the latter case, previously held interests are not remeasured).

## Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization (Amendments to IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 – Intangible Assets)

IAS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 - Intangible Assets have been amended to:

- Clarify that a depreciation method that is based on revenue that is generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset is not appropriate for property, plant and equipment.
- Introduce a rebuttable presumption that an amortisation method that is based on the revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an intangible asset is inappropriate, which can only be overcome in limited circumstances where the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue, or when it can be demonstrated that revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated.
- Add guidance that expected future reductions in the selling price of an item that was produced using an asset could indicate the expectation of technological or commercial obsolescence of the asset, which, in turn, might reflect a reduction of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.

Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception (Amendments to IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, IAS 28 - Accounting for Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures)

The amendments address issues that have arisen in the context of applying the consolidation exception for investment entities.

### Agriculture: Bearer Plants (Amendments to IAS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 41 - Agriculture)

IAS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 41 - Agriculture have been amended to:

- Include 'bearer plants' within the scope of IAS 16 rather than IAS 41, allowing such assets to be accounted for a property, plant and equipment and measured after initial recognition on a cost or revaluation basis in accordance with IAS 16.
- Introduce a definition of 'bearer plants' as a living plant that is used in the production or supply of agricultural produce, is expected to bear produce for more than one period and has a remote likelihood of being sold as agricultural produce, except for incidental scrap sales.
- Clarify that produce growing on bearer plants remains within the scope of IAS 41.



### Disclosure initiative (Amendments to IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements)

IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements has been amended to address perceived impediments to preparers exercising their judgement in presenting their financial reports by making the following changes:

- Clarification that information should not be obscured by aggregating or by providing immaterial information, materiality considerations apply to the all parts of the financial statements, and even when a standard requires a specific disclosure, materiality considerations do apply;
- Clarification that the list of line items to be presented in these statements can be disaggregated and aggregated as
  relevant and additional guidance on subtotals in these statements and clarification that an entity's share of OCI of
  equity-accounted associates and joint ventures should be presented in aggregate as single line items based on whether
  or not it will subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss;
- Additional examples of possible ways of ordering the notes to clarify that understandability and comparability should be considered when determining the order of the notes and to demonstrate that the notes need not be presented in the order so far listed in paragraph 114 of IAS 1.

### Annual Improvements 2012-2014 cycle

These improvements make amendments to the following standards:

- IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations Adds specific guidance in IFRS 5 for cases in which an entity reclassifies an asset from held for sale to held for distribution or vice versa and cases in which held-for-distribution accounting is discontinued.
- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures Additional guidance to clarify whether a servicing contract is continuing involvement in a transferred asset, and clarification on offsetting disclosures in condensed interim financial statements.
- IAS 19 Employee Benefits Clarify that the high quality corporate bonds used in estimating the discount rate for post-employment benefits should be denominated in the same currency as the benefits to be paid.
- IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting Clarify the meaning of 'elsewhere in the interim report' and require a cross-reference.

### 4 NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS NOT YET EFFECTIVE.

The following standards, interpretations and amendments are in issue which are not effective as at the reporting date and have not been early adopted by the Company.

nave not been early adopted by the company.	
	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments (2014)	January 01, 2018
IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (2014)	January 01, 2018
IFRS 16 – Leases (2016)	January 01, 2019
Sale or contribution of assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Ventur (Amendments to IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 - Investments Associates and Joint Ventures).	•
Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses (Amendments to IAS 12 - Incom Taxes)	ne January 01, 2017
Disclosure initiative (Amendments to IAS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows)	January 01, 2017
Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions	January 01, 2018
Clarifications to IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers	January 01, 2018

Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

January 01, 2018

Applying IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 - Insurance Contracts (Amendments to IFRS 4 - Insurance Contracts	January 01, 2018
IFRIC 22 - Foreign Currency Transactions and Advances Consideration	January 01, 2018
Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions (Amendments to IFRS 2)	January 01, 2018
Applying IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' with IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts' (Amendments to IFRS 4)	January 01, 2018

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014–2016 Cycle

The Company intends to adopt these new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments on their effective dates,

subject to, where required, notification by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under section 234 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 regarding their adoption. The management anticipates that, except as stated below, the adoption of the above standards, amendments and interpretations in future periods, will have no material impact on the Company's financial statements other than in presentation/disclosures.

### IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement (2014)

Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments to IAS 40)

IFRS 9 replaces IAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The standard contains requirements in the following areas:

- Classification and measurement: Financial assets are classified by reference to the business model within which they are held and their cash flow characteristics. The standard introduces a 'fair value through comprehensive income' category for certain debt instruments. Financial liabilities are classified in a similar manner to under IAS 39, however there are differences in the requirements applying to measurement of entity's own credit risk.
- Impairment: IFRS 9 introduces an 'expected credit loss' model for the measurement of the impairment of financial assets, so it is no longer necessary for a credit loss to have occurred before a credit loss is recognized.
- Hedge accounting: IFRS 9 introduces a new hedge accounting model that is designed to be more closely aligned with how entities undertake risk management activities when hedging financial and non-financial risk exposure.
- Derecognition: The requirements for the derecognition of financial assets and liabilities are carried forward from IAS 39.

Adoption of this IFRS 9 may result in material adjustment to carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities. However, the financial impact of the same cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty at this stage.

### IFRS 16 – Leases (2016)

IFRS 16 specifies how an entity will recognize, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases unless the leases term is twelve months or less or the underlying asset has low value.

Adoption of this IFRS 16 will result in recognition of assets and liabilities for all operating leases for which the lease terms is more than twelve months. However, the financial impact of the same cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty at this stage.



### Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses (Amendments to IAS 12 - Income Taxes)

The amendments clarify the following:

- Unrealized losses on debt instruments measured at fair value and measured at cost for tax purposes give rise to deductible temporary differences regardless of whether the debt instrument's holder expects to recover the carrying amount of the debt instrument by sale or by use.
- The carrying amount of an asset does not limit the estimation of probable future taxable profits.
- Estimates for future taxable profits exclude tax deductions resulting from the reversal of deductible temporary differences.
- An entity assesses a deferred tax asset in combination with other deferred tax assets. Where tax laws restrict utilization of tax losses, an entity would assess a deferred tax asset in combination with deferred tax assets of the same type.

Adoption of this amendment may result in material adjustment to deferred tax assets. However, the financial impact of the same cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty at this stage.

### IFRIC 22 - Foreign Currency Transactions and Advances Consideration

The interpretation addresses foreign currency transactions or parts of transactions where:

- There is consideration that is denominated or priced in a foreign currency;
- The entity recognises a prepayment asset or a deferred income liability in respect of that consideration, in advance of the recognition of the related asset, expense or income; and
- The prepayment asset or deferred income liability is non-monetary.

### 5 ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND METHODS OF COMPUTATION

The accounting policies and methods of computation adopted in the preparation of this condensed interim financial information are the same as those applied in the preparation of preceding annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### 6 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### 6.1 Contingencies

There is no significant change in the status of contingencies since June 30, 2016, with the exception of bills discounted/negotiated, which amount to Rs. 11,837,783 (June 30, 2016: Rs. 58,038,425) as at the reporting date.

		December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016
		Rupees	Rupees
		(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
6.2	Commitments		
6.2.1	Commitments under irrevocable letters of credit for:		
	- purchase of property, plant and equipment	50,016,141	27,164,549
	- purchase of stores, spares and loose tools	21,733,457	2,444,050
	- purchase of raw material	359,816,340	93,551,527
		431,565,938	123,160,126
6.2.2	Commitments under operating leases	792,000	360,000



## **ELLCOT SPINNING MILLS LIMITED**

		Note	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016
			Rupees	Rupees
			(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
7	FIXED ASSETS			
	Property, plant and equipment			
	Assets owned by the Company	7.1	1,173,073,410	1,201,212,714
	Assets subject to finance lease	7.2	5,954,133	6,267,508
			1,179,027,543	1,207,480,222
	Intangible assets	7.3	5,476,653	6,096,652
			1,184,504,196	1,213,576,874
7.1	Assets owned by the Company			
	Net book value at the beginning of the period/year Additions during the period/year		1,201,212,714	996,094,505
	Plant and machinery		30,471,254	289,139,527
	Electric installations and equipment		-	2,050,000
	Office equipment		367,939	8,324,236
	Furniture and fixtures		134,700	419,500
	Vehicles		2,896,000	11,641,000
			33,869,893	311,574,263
	Transfers from leased assets during the period/year		-	2,957,829
	Net book value of assets disposed during the period/year		(569,782)	(3,927,265)
	Depreciation for the period/year		(61,439,415)	(105,486,618)
	Net book value at end of the period/year		1,173,073,410	1,201,212,714
7.2	Assets subject to finance lease			
	Net book value at beginning of the period/year		6,267,508	10,250,375
	Net book value of assets transferred during the period/yea	r	-	(2,957,829)
	Depreciation for the period/year		(313,375)	(1,025,038)
	Net book value at end of the period/year		5,954,133	6,267,508
7.3	Intangible assets			
	Net book value at beginning of the period/year		6,096,652	6,199,985
	Amortization for the period/year		(619,999)	(103,333)
	Net book value at end of the period/year		5,476,653	6,096,652



		Six mont	hs ended		Three mo	ded	
		December 31, 2016	Decembe	er 31, 2015	December 31, 2016	Decer	nber 31, 2015
		Rupees		Rupees	Rupees		Rupees
		(Un-Audited)	(L	Jn-Audited)	(Un-Audited)	1	(Un-Audited)
8	COST OF SALES						
	Raw material consumed	1,615,893,026	1,35	55,264,340	882,392,463	1 [	676,975,256
	Fuel and power	219,030,321	1 1 1	13,053,399	112,421,565		114,014,473
	Stores, spares and loose tools consumed	86,695,482	8	30,434,692	48,485,708		42,691,557
	Salaries, wages and benefits	188,420,505	15	7,941,962	90,773,016		75,508,017
	Insurance	4,708,108		4,712,514	2,366,925		2,338,827
	Repair and maintenance	5,041,322		5,016,207	2,615,358		1,172,668
	Depreciation	57,819,918	4	17,386,276	29,102,044		24,030,334
	Other manufacturing overheads	8,704,444		6,693,768	3,861,260	J L	3,336,194
		2,186,313,126	1,87	70,503,158	1,172,018,339		940,067,326
	Work in process						
	As at beginning of the period	53,273,667		16,147,113	60,816,900	1 [	51,466,876
	As at end of the period	(75,279,904)	(5	54,855,841)	(75,279,904)	J L	(54,855,841)
		(22,006,237)		(8,708,728)	(14,463,004)		(3,388,965)
		2,164,306,889	1,86	51,794,430	1,157,555,335		936,678,361
	Finished goods						
	As at beginning of the period	97,472,315		10,271,540	159,024,175	1 [	48,761,972
	Purchased during the period	3,247,050	7	74,069,030	-		10,507,140
	As at end of the period	(62,563,734)	(6	66,810,195)	(62,563,734)	J L	(66,810,195)
		38,155,631	4	17,530,375	96,460,441		(7,541,083)
		2,202,462,520	1,90	09,324,805	1,254,015,776		929,137,278
					<u></u>		

### 9 PROVISION FOR TAXATION

- **9.1** Provision for current tax has been made in accordance with the requirements of section 113 and section 154 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- 9.2 No provision for deferred tax has been made as the impact of the same is considered immaterial.

### 10 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties from the Company's perspective comprise associated companies and key management personnel. Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, and includes the Chief Executive and Directors of the Company.

Transactions with key management personnel are limited to payment of short term employee benefits and dividend on ordinary shares. The Company in the normal course of business carries out various transactions with associated companies and continues to have a policy whereby all such transactions are carried out on commercial terms and conditions which are equivalent to those prevailing in an orderly transaction between market participants at the date of transaction.

Details of transactions with related parties are as follows:



Rupees (Un-Audited)	_			Six months					
Nature of relationship   Nature of transaction			1	ecember 31, 2016	December 31, 2015				
Nature of relationship   Nature of transaction				Rupees	Rupees				
Associated companies	10.1	Transactions with related pa	rties	(Un-Audited)	(Un-Audited)				
Associated companies   Purchase of goods and services   415,000   76,230, Sales of goods and services   429,817,991   531,888, Dividend paid   9,322,114   9,322,		Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction						
Sales of goods and services   429,817,991   531,888,   Dividend paid   9,322,114   9,322,   14   9,322,   14   9,322,   14   9,322,   14   9,322,   14   9,322,   14   9,322,   14   9,322,   15   17,495,   17,249,   17,131,531   17,969,   17,131,531   17,131,531   17,969,   17,131,531   1		-	Purchase of goods and services	415.000	76,230,574				
Dividend paid   9,322,114   9,322,   14   9,322,   14   9,322,   14   9,322,   14   9,322,   14   9,322,   14   9,322,   14   15,154   17,969,			_		531,888,842				
Dividend paid to directors and their family members 17,131,531 17,969, 10.2 Balances with related parties  There are nil balances due to/from related parties as at the reporting date.  11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS  The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments by class and category are as follows:    December 31, 2016			Dividend paid	9,322,114	9,322,114				
There are nil balances due to/from related parties as at the reporting date.   There are nil balances due to/from related parties as at the reporting date.   There are nil balances due to/from related parties as at the reporting date.   There are nil balances due to/from related parties as at the reporting date.   There are nil balances of the Company's financial instruments by class and category are as follows:   The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments by class and category are as follows:   The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments of the Company's financial date   The carrying amounts of the carrying and category are as follows:    The carrying amounts of the Company's financial date   The carrying and category are as follows:   The carrying and category are as		Key management personnel	Short term employee benefits	5,157,495	7,249,812				
There are nil balances due to/from related parties as at the reporting date.    FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS			Dividend paid to directors and their family mem	bers <b>17,131,531</b>	17,969,434				
Time	10.2	Balances with related parties							
The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments by class and category are as follows:    December 31, 2016		There are nil balances due to/from related parties as at the reporting date.							
December 31, 2016   June 30, 20   Rupees   (Un-Audited)   (Audited)   (Audited)   (Audited)   (In-Audited)   (In-Audit	11	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS							
Rupees (Un-Audited) (Audited) (Aud		The carrying amounts of the O	The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments by class and category are as follows:						
(Un-Audited) (Audited) (Audited)			D		June 30, 2016				
1.1. Financial assets   Cash in hand   1,358,485   2,565,4				Rupees	Rupees				
Cash in hand       1,358,485       2,565,4         Loans and receivables       7,090,700       7,090,700         Trade debts       315,465,771       281,423,8         Bank balances       29,102,465       173,630,2         Available for sale financial assets         Short term investments       183,812,040       119,964,3         536,829,461       584,674,3         11.2 Financial liabilities         Financial liabilities at amortized cost         Long term finances       615,541,191       627,884,674,374         Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease       209,010       1,108,784         Short term borrowings       860,623,784       452,833,675         Accrued interest/markup       11,429,939       11,201,975         Trade creditors       84,857,541       34,556,375         Accrued liabilities       118,409,575       106,044,875				(Un-Audited)	(Audited)				
Loans and receivables         Long term deposits       7,090,700       7,090,700         Trade debts       315,465,771       281,423,8         Bank balances       29,102,465       173,630,         Available for sale financial assets         Short term investments       183,812,040       119,964,6         536,829,461       584,674,5         11.2 Financial liabilities         Financial liabilities at amortized cost         Long term finances       615,541,191       627,884,674,50         Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease       209,010       1,108,78         Short term borrowings       860,623,784       452,833,60         Accrued interest/markup       11,429,939       11,201,90         Trade creditors       84,857,541       34,556,50         Accrued liabilities       118,409,575       106,044,80	11.1	Financial assets							
Long term deposits Trade debts Bank balances Trade debts Bank balances Trade debts Bank balances Trade debts Trade		Cash in hand		1,358,485	2,565,443				
Trade debts       315,465,771       281,423,8         Bank balances       29,102,465       173,630,3         351,658,936       462,144,6         Available for sale financial assets         Short term investments       183,812,040       119,964,7         536,829,461       584,674,3         11.2 Financial liabilities         Financial liabilities at amortized cost         Long term finances       615,541,191       627,884,7         Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease       209,010       1,108,7         Short term borrowings       860,623,784       452,833,6         Accrued interest/markup       11,429,939       11,201,9         Trade creditors       84,857,541       34,556,3         Accrued liabilities       118,409,575       106,044,8		Loans and receivables							
Bank balances   29,102,465   173,630,533   351,658,936   462,144,65		Long term deposits		7,090,700	7,090,700				
351,658,936 462,144,6  Available for sale financial assets  Short term investments 183,812,040 119,964,7  536,829,461 584,674,7  11.2 Financial liabilities  Financial liabilities at amortized cost  Long term finances 615,541,191 627,884,7  Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 209,010 1,108,7  Short term borrowings 860,623,784 452,833,6  Accrued interest/markup 11,429,939 11,201,9  Trade creditors 84,857,541 34,556,5  Accrued liabilities 118,409,575 106,044,8		Trade debts		315,465,771	281,423,824				
Available for sale financial assets  Short term investments  183,812,040  119,964,3  536,829,461  584,674,3  11.2 Financial liabilities  Financial liabilities at amortized cost  Long term finances Long term finances Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Short term borrowings Accrued interest/markup Trade creditors Accrued liabilities  118,409,575 106,044,8		Bank balances		29,102,465	173,630,118				
Short term investments       183,812,040       119,964,3         536,829,461       584,674,3         Financial liabilities         Financial liabilities at amortized cost         Long term finances       615,541,191       627,884,108         Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease       209,010       1,108,108         Short term borrowings       860,623,784       452,833,608         Accrued interest/markup       11,429,939       11,201,938         Trade creditors       84,857,541       34,556,338         Accrued liabilities       118,409,575       106,044,838				351,658,936	462,144,642				
11.2 Financial liabilities   536,829,461   584,674,32     11.2 Financial liabilities   Financial liabilities at amortized cost		Available for sale financial assets							
11.2 Financial liabilities         Financial liabilities at amortized cost         Long term finances       615,541,191       627,884,193         Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease       209,010       1,108,193         Short term borrowings       860,623,784       452,833,693         Accrued interest/markup       11,429,939       11,201,933         Trade creditors       84,857,541       34,556,333         Accrued liabilities       118,409,575       106,044,833		Short term investments		183,812,040	119,964,290				
Financial liabilities at amortized cost         Long term finances       615,541,191       627,884,7         Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease       209,010       1,108,7         Short term borrowings       860,623,784       452,833,4         Accrued interest/markup       11,429,939       11,201,4         Trade creditors       84,857,541       34,556,3         Accrued liabilities       118,409,575       106,044,8				536,829,461	584,674,375				
Long term finances       615,541,191       627,884,7         Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease       209,010       1,108,7         Short term borrowings       860,623,784       452,833,6         Accrued interest/markup       11,429,939       11,201,5         Trade creditors       84,857,541       34,556,5         Accrued liabilities       118,409,575       106,044,8	11.2	Financial liabilities							
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease       209,010       1,108,7         Short term borrowings       860,623,784       452,833,6         Accrued interest/markup       11,429,939       11,201,1         Trade creditors       84,857,541       34,556,3         Accrued liabilities       118,409,575       106,044,8		Financial liabilities at amorti							
Short term borrowings       860,623,784       452,833,6         Accrued interest/markup       11,429,939       11,201,9         Trade creditors       84,857,541       34,556,3         Accrued liabilities       118,409,575       106,044,8		-			627,884,775				
Accrued interest/markup       11,429,939       11,201,5         Trade creditors       84,857,541       34,556,5         Accrued liabilities       118,409,575       106,044,8			ect to finance lease		1,108,785				
Trade creditors         84,857,541         34,556,3           Accrued liabilities         118,409,575         106,044,8					452,833,638				
Accrued liabilities 118,409,575 106,044,8		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			11,201,552				
·,···,···,					34,556,378				
Unclaimed dividend <b>4,652,796</b> 4,237,9		Accrued liabilities Unclaimed dividend			106,044,828 4,237,900				

1,237,867,856

1,695,723,836

### 12 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company measures some of it's financial instruments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements and has the following levels.

Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either

directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).

Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The fair value hierarchy of financial instruments measured at fair value and the information about how the fair values of these financial instruments are determined are as follows:

#### 12.1 Financial instruments measured at fair value

### 12.1.1 Recurring fair value measurements

Financial instruments	Hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2016
			Rupees	Rupees
			(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
Available for sale financial as	ssets			
Short term investments	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market	183,812,040	119,964,290

### 12.1.2Non-recurring fair value measurements

There are no non-recurring fair value measurements as at the reporting date.

### 12.2 Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The management considers the carrying amount of all financial instruments not measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period to approximate their fair values as at the reporting date.

### 12.3 Assets and liabilities other than financial instruments.

None of the assets and liabilities other than financial instruments are measured at fair value.

### 13 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no significant events after the reporting period that may require adjustment of and/or disclosure in this condensed interim financial report.

### 14 RECOVERABLE AMOUNTS AND IMPAIRMENT

As at the reporting date, recoverable amounts of all assets/cash generating units are equal to or exceed their carrying amounts, unless stated otherwise in this condensed interim financial information.

#### 15 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

This condensed interim financial information have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and authorized for issue of February 23, 2017.



### **ELLCOT SPINNING MILLS LIMITED**

### 16 GENERAL

Lahore: February 23, 2017.

- $\textbf{16.1} \quad \text{There are no other significant activities since June 30, 2016 affecting the interim financial information}.$
- **16.2** Corresponding figures have been re-arranged where necessary to facilitate comparison. However, there are no significant reclassifications during the period.
- **16.3** Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh Director



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