



Annual Report | 2014



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## COMPANY INFORMATION

<b>BOARD OF DIRECTORS</b>	Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi Mr. Syed Moaz Mohiuddin Mr. Jamal Nasim (Nominee NIT) Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh	Non-Executive Director / Chairman Independent Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Executive Director
<b>MANAGING DIRECTOR (Chief Executive)</b>	Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh	
<b>AUDIT COMMITTEE</b>	Mr. Syed Moaz Mohiuddin Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh Mr. Shahzada Sultan Mubashir	Chairman Member Member Secretary
<b>HUMAN RESOURCE &amp; REMUNERATION (HR &amp; R) COMMITTEE</b>	Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh Mr. Muhammad Azam	Chairman Member Member Secretary
<b>EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE</b>	Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh Mr. Muhammad Azam	Chairman Member Member Member Secretary
<b>CORPORATE SECRETARY</b>	Mr. Shahzada Sultan Mubashir	
<b>CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (CFO)</b>	Mr. Muhammad Ahmad	
<b>AUDITORS</b>	Messrs Rahman Sarfraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq Chartered Accountants	
<b>LEGAL ADVISOR</b>	Bandial & Associates	
<b>LEAD BANKERS</b>	Albaraka Bank (Pakistan) Ltd. Allied Bank Ltd. Askari Bank Ltd. Bank Alfalah Ltd. Faysal Bank Ltd. Habib Bank Ltd. HSBC Bank Middle East Ltd. MCB Bank Ltd. National Bank of Pakistan Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Ltd. The Bank of Punjab United Bank Ltd.	
<b>REGISTERED OFFICE</b>	Nagina House 91-B-1, M.M. Alam Road Gulberg-III, Lahore - 54660	
<b>WEB REFERNCE</b>	<a href="http://www.nagina.com">www.nagina.com</a>	
<b>SHARE REGISTRAR</b>	M/s Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Ltd. 1 <sup>st</sup> Floor, H.M. House 7-Bank Square, Lahore Phone # 042-37235081-2 Fax # 042-37358817	
<b>MILLS</b>	6.3 K.M, Manga Mandi, Raiwind Road Mouza Rossa, Tehsil & District Kasur	

## NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 26<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of ELLCOT SPINNING MILLS LTD. will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nagina House, 91-B-1, M.M. Alam Road, Gulberg-III, Lahore-54660 on Monday, October 27, 2014 at 11:30 a.m. to transact the following business:-

### A. Ordinary Business

- 1) To confirm minutes of the Extraordinary General Meeting held on January 25, 2014.
- 2) To receive and adopt Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2014 together with the Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon.
- 3) To approve and declare final dividend as recommended by the Board of Directors.
- 4) To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
- 5) To transact any other ordinary business with the permission of the Chair.

### B. Special Business

- 1) To discuss, consider, approve and, if thought fit, pass the following Special Resolution with or without modification(s):

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the requirements of Section 208 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, Ellcot Spinning Mills Ltd ("the Company") be and is hereby authorized to extend a loan as running finance facility of up to PKR 75,000,000 (Rupees Seventy Five Million Only) to each of the following Associated Companies (a) Prosperity Weaving Mills Ltd, (b) Nagina Cotton Mills Ltd, as and when required by these Associated Companies, provided that the return on such running finance shall not be less than the average borrowing cost of the Company and that such loan shall be for a period of one year renewable by the members of the Company;

**FURTHER RESOLVED THAT** the Chief Executive Officer and / or Corporate Secretary of the Company be and are hereby singly authorized to take all steps and actions necessary, incidental and ancillary including execution of any and all documents and agreements as may be required in this regard and to do all acts, matters, deeds and things as may be necessary for the purpose of giving effect to the spirit and intent of the Special Resolution."

A Statement under Section 160(1) (b) of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, along with the information required under Clause (b) of Sub-Regulation (1) of Regulation 3 of Companies (Investment in Associated Companies or Associated Undertakings) Regulations, 2012 is annexed.

By Order of the Board



**Shahzada Sultan Mubashir**  
Corporate Secretary

Lahore : September 25, 2014

### NOTES:

- 1) The share transfer books for ordinary shares of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, October 21, 2014 to Monday, October 27, 2014 (both days inclusive). Valid transfer(s) received in order by our Share Registrar, M/s Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Limited, 1st Floor, H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore by the close of business on Monday, October 20, 2014 will be in time to be passed for payment of dividend to the transferee(s).
- 2) A member entitled to attend and vote at the General Meeting is entitled to appoint another member as proxy. Proxies, in order to be effective, must be received at the Company's registered office not less than forty eight (48) hours before the time of meeting. Members through CDC appointing proxies must attach attested copy of their Computerised National Identity Card (CNIC) with the proxy form.
- 3) The Shareholders through CDC, who wish to attend the Annual General Meeting are requested to please bring, original CNIC with copy thereof duly attested by their Bankers, Account Number and Participant I.D Number for identification purpose.
- 4) In case of corporate entity, certified copy of the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form of the Company.
- 5) Members who have not submitted copy of valid CNIC are once again advised to submit the same without further delay to ensure compliance with the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) Notification S.R.O. 19(I)/2014 dated January 10, 2014 read with Notification S.R.O. 831(I)/2012 dated July 5, 2012.
- 6) SECP has taken new initiative to make the process of payment of cash dividend to shareholders more efficient through e - Dividend mechanism where shareholders can get amount of dividend credited to their respective bank accounts electronically without delay. In order to avail this benefit the members are encouraged to provide dividend mandates (i.e. Bank detail for deposit of dividend). The e-Dividend Mandate forms are available with the Company Secretary.
- 7) The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014 shall be uploaded on the Company's website on or before October 7, 2014.
- 8) Pursuant to SECP Notification S.R.O 787(I)/2014 dated September 8, 2014, members may inform the Company to receive the Audited Financial Statements and notice of Annual General Meeting through e-mail by submitting Standard Request Form available on Company's website.
- 9) Members are requested to promptly notify the Company of any change in their registered address.

### 10) IMPORTANT:

- a) Pursuant to the Finance Act 2014, all individuals/ companies/association of persons whose CNIC/NTN is NOT included in the "List of FILERS" available at Federal Board of Revenue's website (<http://www.fbr.gov.pk>) are liable to deduction of tax at source at higher rate (@15%) on dividend.
- b) Shareholders are requested to provide CNIC/NTN, e-Dividend information and change of address to (i) respective Central Depository System (CDS) Participant and (ii) in case of physical securities to the Company's Share Registrar M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd.. 1st Floor, H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore.

## STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS UNDER SECTION 160(1) (B) OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE, 1984 REGARDING SPECIAL BUSINESS

Ref. #	Requirement	Information																																	
i.	Name of the associated company or associated undertaking along with criteria based on which the associated relationship is established.	<p>a) M/s. Prosperity Weaving Mills Ltd. (PWML) due to common directorship by the following directors:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi</li> <li>2. Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh</li> <li>3. Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh</li> <li>4. Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh</li> </ol> <p>b) M/s. Nagina Cotton Mills Ltd., (NCML) due to common directorship by the following directors:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi</li> <li>2. Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh</li> <li>3. Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh</li> <li>4. Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh</li> </ol>																																	
ii.	Amount of loans or advances.	Rs.75.00 million as a running finance facility in each of the Associated Company mentioned above.																																	
iii.	Purpose of loans or advances and benefits likely to accrue to the investing company and its members from such loans or advances.	To provide an option to the Associated Companies to avail finance as and when required and to park any surplus funds with the Associated Companies to earn a return over and above offered in the market.																																	
iv.	In case of any loan has already been granted to the said associated company or associated undertakings, the complete details thereof.	None																																	
v.	Financial position including main items of balance sheet and profit and loss account of the associated company(s) or associated undertaking(s) on the basis of its latest financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014.	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th style="text-align: center;">NCML</th> <th style="text-align: center;">PWML</th> </tr> <tr> <th></th> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Rupees in millions</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Paid Up Capital</td> <td style="text-align: right;">187.000</td> <td style="text-align: right;">184.800</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Non-Current Liabilities</td> <td style="text-align: right;">486.102</td> <td style="text-align: right;">703.206</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Current Liabilities</td> <td style="text-align: right;">554.740</td> <td style="text-align: right;">632.790</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Non-Current Assets</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1,104.687</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1,411.353</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Current Assets</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1,778.967</td> <td style="text-align: right;">887.722</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sales</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4,569.161</td> <td style="text-align: right;">6,346.901</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Gross Profit</td> <td style="text-align: right;">566.856</td> <td style="text-align: right;">480.480</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Finance Cost</td> <td style="text-align: right;">89.748</td> <td style="text-align: right;">60.536</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profit After Tax</td> <td style="text-align: right;">253.833</td> <td style="text-align: right;">182.197</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		NCML	PWML		Rupees in millions		Paid Up Capital	187.000	184.800	Non-Current Liabilities	486.102	703.206	Current Liabilities	554.740	632.790	Non-Current Assets	1,104.687	1,411.353	Current Assets	1,778.967	887.722	Sales	4,569.161	6,346.901	Gross Profit	566.856	480.480	Finance Cost	89.748	60.536	Profit After Tax	253.833	182.197
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vi.	Average borrowing cost of the investing company.	9.76% for the year ended June 30, 2014.																																	
vii.	Rate of interest, mark-up, profit, fees or commission etc., to be charged.	Not less than Average Borrowing cost of the Company to be decided by Chief Executive (Mg. Director).																																	
viii.	Sources of funds from where loans or advances will be given.	Surplus Funds of the Company																																	
ix.	Where loans or advances are being granted using borrowed funds:- (I) Justification for granting loan or advance out of borrowed funds; (II) Detail of guarantees/ assets pledged for obtaining such funds, if any; (III) Repayment schedules of borrowing of the investing company.	Not applicable																																	
x.	Particulars of collateral security to be obtained against loan to the borrowing company or undertaking, if any.	No Security to be obtained as all Companies are under common management																																	
xi.	If the loan or advances carry conversion feature.	Not applicable.																																	
xii.	Repayment schedule and terms of loans or advances to be given to the investee company.	This is running finance for the period of one year and will be renewed with approval of members.																																	

Ref. #	Requirement	Information
xiii.	Salient feature of all agreements entered or to be entered with its associated company or associated undertaking with regards to proposed investment.	<b>Agreement will be executed by CEO before extending the loan on the basis of the terms and conditions as approved by the shareholders.</b>
xiv.	Direct or indirect interest of directors, sponsors, majority shareholders and their relatives, if any, in the associated company or associated undertaking or the transaction under consideration.	<b>The Directors of the Company are interested in the business to the extent of their shareholding of the aforesaid Associated Companies.</b>
xv.	Any other important details necessary for the members to understand the transaction.	<b>None</b>
xvi.	In case of investment in a project of an associated company or associated undertaking that has not commenced operations, in addition to the information referred to above, the following further information is required, namely:-  (I) a description of the project and its history since conceptualization; (II) starting date and expected date of completion; (III) time by which such project shall become commercially operational; (IV) expected return on total capital employed in the project; and (V) funds invested or to be invested by the promoters distinguishing between cash and non-cash amounts;	<b>Not applicable</b>

As per the disclosure requirement of Regulation 4(1) of the Companies (Investment in Associated Companies or Associated Undertakings) Regulations, 2012, it is informed that the following Directors of the Company are also the Directors in the investee company; however, they have no direct or indirect interest except to the extent of shareholding in the investee company:

Nagina Cotton Mills Ltd.	Prosperity Weaving Mills Ltd.
1. Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi	1. Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi
2. Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh	2. Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh
3. Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh	3. Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh
4. Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh	4. Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh

**STATEMENT AS REQUIRED UNDER THE COMPANIES  
(INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES OR ASSOCIATED UNDERTAKINGS)  
REGULATIONS, 2012.**

Members had approved a special resolution u/s 208 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 on October 26, 2009. The Company has not made any investment under the resolution. The following is the status:

a. Total investment approved.	Rs.75,000,000/= (Rupees seventy five million only) to each of the following Associated Company: i. Nagina Cotton Mills Ltd. (NCML) ii. Prosperity Weaving Mills Ltd. (PWML)																																			
b. Amount of investment made to date.	Nil																																			
c. Reason for not having made complete investment so far where resolution required it to be implemented in specified time.	Due to better cash flows, the Associated Companies did not need funds envisaged u/s 208 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Therefore, no investment transaction took place during the year 2013-14.																																			
d. Material change in Financial Statements of Associated Company or Associated Undertaking since date of the resolution passed for approval of investment in such Company.	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;"></th> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Present Financial Position as on June 30, 2014</th> <th colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Financial Position at the time of approval as on June 30, 2009</th> </tr> <tr> <th></th> <th style="text-align: center;">NCML</th> <th style="text-align: center;">PWML</th> <th style="text-align: center;">NCML</th> <th style="text-align: center;">PWML</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: center;">Rupees in Millions</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net sales</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4,569.161</td> <td style="text-align: right;">6,346.900</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2,158.571</td> <td style="text-align: right;">3,634.559</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Gross Profit</td> <td style="text-align: right;">566.856</td> <td style="text-align: right;">480.480</td> <td style="text-align: right;">216.856</td> <td style="text-align: right;">368.861</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profit before tax</td> <td style="text-align: right;">270.460</td> <td style="text-align: right;">242.894</td> <td style="text-align: right;">14.650</td> <td style="text-align: right;">108.120</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profit after tax</td> <td style="text-align: right;">253.833</td> <td style="text-align: right;">182.197</td> <td style="text-align: right;">7.576</td> <td style="text-align: right;">83.902</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Present Financial Position as on June 30, 2014		Financial Position at the time of approval as on June 30, 2009			NCML	PWML	NCML	PWML		Rupees in Millions				Net sales	4,569.161	6,346.900	2,158.571	3,634.559	Gross Profit	566.856	480.480	216.856	368.861	Profit before tax	270.460	242.894	14.650	108.120	Profit after tax	253.833	182.197	7.576	83.902
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## **Vision:**

*To be a dynamic, profitable and growth oriented company.*

## **Mission:**

*To be the leading producer of cotton and blended yarn for knitting and weaving for local and international customers manufacturing well-known textile brands.*

*To strive for excellence and sustain position as a preferred supplier for yarn with a customer focused strategy.*

*Continuous enhancement the quality objectives for customer satisfaction and operational efficiencies.*

*To achieve the comparative advantage by employing latest technologies for enhancing the efficiency and productivity.*

*To build enduring relationship with our suppliers by giving them fair return on their products and services.*

*To provide a professional, open and participative environment to our dedicated employees for developing their potential and team performance.*

*To give consistent financial returns to the shareholders on their investments.*

*To be responsible to the society, employees and communities in which we operate by initiating health care, education and social welfare activities.*



Control Union Certifications  
P.O. Box 161, 8000 AD Zwolle, The Netherlands  
<http://www.controlunion.com>  
tel.: +31(0)38-4260100

## CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

(Scope Certificate)

**CERTIFICATE No: CU809299GOTS-01.2014**  
**REGISTRATION No: CU 809299**

Control Union Certifications declares that

**Nagina Group**  
**Nagina House, 91-B-1, M.M. Alam Road, Gulberg III,**  
**Lahore 54660**  
**PAKISTAN**

has been inspected and assessed according to the  
**Global Organic Textile Standard (GOTS-NL)**  
**Version 3.0**

and that products of the categories as mentioned below (and further specified in the annex) comply with this standard:

**Fabrics, Yarns**

Processing steps / activities carried out under responsibility of the above mentioned company (by the operations as detailed in the annex) for certified products

**Exporting, Importing, Spinning, Weaving**

**This certificate is Valid until: 21 January 2015**

Place and date of issue:  
Colombo-07, 23 April 2014

Stamp of the issuing body

Standard's Logo

Name of authorised person

On behalf of the Managing Director  
Mr. K.W.D.T. De Silva  
Certifier



This certificate cannot be used as a transaction certificate.  
The issuing body can withdraw this certificate before it expires if the declared compliance is no longer guaranteed.  
Accredited by: Dutch Accreditation Council (RV A), Accreditation No: C 412



Control Union Certifications  
P.O. Box 161, 8000 AD Zwolle, The Netherlands  
<http://www.controlunion.com>  
tel.: +31(0)38-4260100

## CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

(Scope Certificate)

**CERTIFICATE No: CU809299OCS-01.2014**  
**REGISTRATION No: CU 809299**

Control Union Certifications declares that  
**Nagina Group**  
**Nagina House, 91-B-1, M.M. Alam Road, Gulberg III,**  
**Lahore 54660**  
**PAKISTAN**

has been inspected and assessed according to the

**Organic Content Standard (OCS)**

**Version 1.0**

**Organic Content Standard 100**

**Organic Content Standard Blended**

and that products of the categories as mentioned below (and further specified in the annex) comply with this standard:

**Fabrics, Yarns**

Processing steps / activities carried out under responsibility of the above mentioned company (by the operations as detailed in the annex) for certified products

**Exporting, Importing, Spinning, Weaving**

**This certificate is Valid until: 23 January 2015**

Place and date of issue:  
Colombo-07, 22 April 2014

Stamp of the issuing body

Standard's Logo

Name of authorised person

On behalf of the Managing Director:  
Mr. K.W.D.T. De Silva  
Certifier



This certificate cannot be used as a transaction certificate.  
The issuing body can withdraw this certificate before it expires if the declared compliance is no longer guaranteed.

# CERTIFICATE



**Management System as per  
EN ISO 9001 : 2008**

In accordance with TÜV AUSTRIA HELLAS procedures, it is hereby certified that

**ELLCOT SPINNING MILLS LIMITED.  
6.3 K.M. MANGA MANDI RAIWIND ROAD, MOUZA ROSSA, TEHSIL  
AND DISTRICT KASUR, PAKISTAN.**

Applies a Quality Management System in line with the above Standard for the following Scope

**MANUFACTURING AND EXPORTING OF YARN.**

Certificate Registration No.: **01013739**

Certification Body  
at TÜV AUSTRIA HELLAS

Valid until: 2017-01-16  
Initial certification: 2011-02-06

Athens, 2014-01-17

This certification was conducted in accordance with TÜV AUSTRIA HELLAS auditing and certification procedures and is subject to regular surveillance audits.

TÜV AUSTRIA HELLAS  
429, Mesogeion Ave.  
GR-153 43 Athens, Greece  
[www.tuvaustriahellas.gr](http://www.tuvaustriahellas.gr)



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TÜV AUSTRIA  
GROUP

## DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

*IN THE NAME OF ALLAH THE MOST GRACIOUS  
THE MOST BENEVOLENT THE MOST MERCIFUL*

The Directors have the honor to present 26<sup>th</sup> Annual Report of your Company together with Audited Financial Statements and Auditors' Report thereon for the year ended June 30, 2014. Figures for the previous year ended June 30, 2013 are included for comparison.

### Company Performance

Alhamdulillah, your Company has been able to announce profitable results despite stiff competition and other challenges. Profit after tax for the year is Rs. 255,902,796 or 4.48% of sales compared to Rs.350,334,976 (restated) or 7.21 % of sales over the previous year. Earning per share (EPS) for the year under review is Rs. 23.37 compared to Rs.31.99 (restated) during the previous year.

Sales for the year is Rs.5,709,483,886 compared to Rs.4,858,425,674 showing growth of 17.52% over previous year. The growth in sales accrued from higher volumes supported by continued demand from international markets. However, gross profit for the year decreased by 15.63% over the previous year owing to increase in cotton prices, rise in wages and salaries and energy costs during the year under review.

Distribution costs increased by 4.67% over previous period owing to high proportion of export sales resulting in additional costs incurred on account of ocean freights and other related expenses. Administrative costs increased due to rise in staff salaries and general inflationary impact. Other operating costs decreased as the provisions for Workers' Profit Participation Fund and Workers' Welfare Fund decreased in line with decrease in profits for the year under review as compared to previous year.

The Company has been able to generate stable cash flows and discharged all its operating and financial liabilities in time. Over all financial cost slightly increased by 3.4% over the last year mainly due to increase in debt servicing of long term loans taken for Balancing, Modernization, Replacement (BMR) of building, plant and machinery and other assets. However, finance cost on short-term borrowing reduced by 14% compared to last year owing to efficient working capital management.

### Capital Assets Investment

During the year your Company invested Rs.107,759,760 in Balancing, Modernization, Replacement (BMR) of building, plant and machinery and other assets. This was done in line with Company's strategic plans to continue to diversify its product line, addition of new qualities and blends of yarn and improvement in the production capacity of the plant to cater both domestic and international markets.

### Dividend

The Directors have pleasure to recommend payment of cash dividend @ 70% i.e. Rs. 7/= per ordinary share. The dividend will amount to Rs. 76,650,000.

### Future Outlook

Strong competition from competing countries has caused reduction in yarn prices. Cotton prices have declined despite flooding in the country. The cotton crop has largely remained unaffected from floods and the country is on-course to meet the production targets of FY15. Pak Rupee has devalued against US\$. These factors bode well especially for export oriented sector and management hopes that the Company shall be able to benefit from these opportunities. Energy supply to the Company is erratic with frequent interruption in supply of gas and electricity. Wages and salaries are rising continuously. Due to recent floods in the province of Punjab and other parts of the country, there may be rise in the general inflation in the country. The performance over the next year may be affected due to these adverse factors. Management is fully aware of these challenges, is vigilant about the situation and will strive to achieve profitability.

### ISO 9001: 2008 Certification

The Company continues to operate at high standards of quality and had obtained latest version of certification for the period from January 17, 2014 to January 16, 2017. The quality control certification helps to build up trust of new and old customers.

### Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company strongly believes in the integration of Corporate Social Responsibility into its business, and consistently endeavors to uplift communities that are influenced directly or indirectly by our business.

**Environment, Health and Safety:** The Company maintains safe working conditions avoiding the risk to the health of employees and public at large. The management has maintained safe environment in all its operations throughout the year and is constantly upgrading their safety and living facilities.

Safety is a matter of concern for machinery as well as the employees working at plant. Fire extinguishers and other fire safety equipments have been placed at sites as well as registered and head office of the Company. Regular drills are performed to ensure efficiency of fire safety equipments.

### Corporate Governance & Financial Reporting Framework

As required by the Code of Corporate Governance, Directors are pleased to report that:

- a) The financial statements prepared by the management of the Company present fair state of Company's operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b) Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained.
- c) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied, except as disclosed in the financial statements, in the preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based upon reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d) International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.
- e) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- f) There is no doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- g) Key operating and financial data for the last six years is annexed.
- h) There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges that are outstanding as on June 30, 2014 except for those disclosed in the financial statements.
- i) No adverse material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year to which this balance sheet relates and the date of the Directors' Report.
- j) During the year, no trade in the shares of the Company were carried out by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company secretary, their spouses and minor children except.

### Related Parties

The transactions between the related parties were carried out at an arm's length basis. The Company has fully complied with the best practices of the transfer pricing as contained in the listing regulation of stock exchanges in Pakistan.

### Financial Statements Audit

Financial statements of the Company have been audited without any qualification by Messrs Rahman Sarfraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants, the statutory external auditors of the Company.

### Shareholding Pattern

The shareholding pattern as at June 30, 2014 including the information under the Code of Corporate Governance, for ordinary shares, is annexed.

### Notice u/s 218 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984

Notice u/s 218 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 is annexed.

### Committees of the Board

In compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance and Articles of the Association of the Company, the Board of Directors had formed following Committees.

- Audit Committee
- Human Resource and Remuneration (HR & R) Committee
- Executive Committee

The names of the members of above committees are given in the Company information.

### Board and Committee Changes

During the financial year 2013-14, election of Directors was held on January 25, 2014. Five retiring Directors re-elected as Directors, and two other candidates, Mr. Syed Moaz Mohiuddin, and Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh elected as Independent Non-Executive Director and Non-Executive Director respectively.

After election of Directors, newly elected Board, reconstituted Audit Committee and Human Resource and Remuneration (HR & R) Committee by appointing the following Directors:

Sr. No.	Audit Committee	Status	Designation
1.	Mr. Syed Moaz Mohiuddin	Independent Non-Executive Director	Chairman
2.	Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh	Non - Executive Director	Member
3.	Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh	Non - Executive Director	Member

Sr. No.	HR & R Committee	Status	Designation
1.	Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh	Non - Executive Director	Chairman
2.	Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi	Non - Executive Director	Member
3.	Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh	Non - Executive Director	Member

### Board of Directors' Meetings

During the year four (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance by each Director is as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of Directors	Attendance
1.	Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi	4
2.	Mr. Jamal Nasim	4
3.	Mr. Syed Moaz Mohiuddin	2
4.	Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh	3
5.	Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh	4
6.	Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh	2
7.	Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh	2
8.	Mr. Javaid Bashir Sheikh**	2
9.	Mr. Shahzada Sultan Mubashir**	2

\*\* Retired as Director

Leave of absence was granted to the Directors who could not attend some of the Board meetings.

#### Audit Committee Meetings

During the year, five (5) meetings of Audit Committee of the Board were held. Attendance by each Director is as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of Directors	Attendance
1.	Mr. Syed Moaz Mohiuddin	2
2.	Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh	5
3.	Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh	1
4.	Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi*	3
5.	Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh*	3

\*Ceased to be member w.e.f. January 28, 2014.

Leave of absence was granted to Director who could not attend some of the Audit Committee meetings.

#### Executive Committee Meetings

During the year six (6) meetings of Executive Committee were held. Attendance by each Director is as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of Directors	Attendance
1.	Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi	6
2.	Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh	6
3.	Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh	6
4.	Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh	6

### Human Resource & Remuneration (HR & R) Committee Meetings

During the year, two (2) meetings of HR & R Committee of the Board were held. Attendance by each Director is as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of Directors	Attendance
1.	Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh	1
2.	Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi	1
3.	Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh	2
4.	Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh*	1
5.	Mr. Shahzada Sultan Mubashir*	1

\*Ceased to be member w.e.f. January 28, 2014.

### Director's Training Program

The Company has complied with the requirements of clause (xi) of the Code of Corporate Governance. Following Directors of the Company have taken certification of the Director's Training Program during the year.

Sr. No.	Name of Directors
1.	Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh
2.	Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh

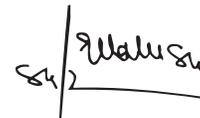
### Appointment of Auditors

The Audit Committee has recommended for re-appointment of present auditors, Messrs Rahman Sarfraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants, Lahore. They are due to retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment as auditors for the year 2014-2015.

### Acknowledgment

The continued good results have been possible due to continued diligence and devotion of the staff and workers of the Company and the continued good human relations at all levels deserve acknowledgement.

On behalf of the Board



**Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh**  
Mg. Director (Chief Executive)

Lahore: September 25, 2014

## STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) contained in Regulation No. 35 of listing regulations of Karachi & Lahore Stock Exchanges for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

1. The Board of Directors of the Ellcot Spinning Mills Ltd., has always supported and re-confirms its commitment to continued support and implementation of the highest standards of Corporate Governance at all times.
2. The Company encourages representation of Independent Non-Executive Directors and Directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. At present the Board includes:

Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi	Non-Executive Director / Chairman
Mr. Syed Moaz Mohiuddin	Independent Non-Executive Director
Mr. Jamal Nasim (Nominee NIT)	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Shahzada Ellahi Shaikh	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Shaukat Ellahi Shaikh	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Amin Ellahi Shaikh	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh	Executive Director

3. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
4. All the resident Directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFIs or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
5. No casual vacancy occurred on the Board during the year 2013-14.
6. The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
7. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
8. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other Executive and Non-Executive Directors, have been taken by the Board in line with Articles of Association of the Company.
9. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a Director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
10. Requirement under Listing Regulation No. 35 (xi) has been complied with.
11. The Board had approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit in line with Code of Corporate Governance.
12. The Directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.

13. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
14. The Directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
15. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the CCG.
16. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises three members, all members are Non-Executive Directors.
17. The meetings of the Audit Committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the CCG. The terms of reference of the Committee have been formed and advised to the Committee for compliance.
18. The Board has formed an Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. It comprises three members, all members are Non-Executive Directors including the Chairman.
19. The Board has formed an Executive Committee comprising four directors to meet and take decisions on behalf of Board in the absence of full Board. The minutes of the meetings are properly maintained.
20. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function.
21. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
22. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
23. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of Company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange(s).
24. The related party transactions have been placed before the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors.
25. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange(s).
26. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the CCG have been complied with.

On behalf of the Board



**Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh**  
Mg. Director (Chief Executive)

Lahore: September 25, 2014

## SHAREHOLDERS' INFORMATION

### Annual General Meeting

The 26th Annual General Meeting of ELLCOT SPINNING MILLS LTD. will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nagina House, 91-B-1, M.M. Alam Road, Gulberg-III, Lahore-54660 on Monday, October 27, 2014 at 11:30 a.m.

Eligible shareholders are encouraged to participate and vote.

### Ownership

On June 30, 2014, the Company has 690 Shareholders.

### Web Reference

The Company maintains a functional website. Annual, half-yearly and quarterly reports are regularly posted at the Company's website: [www.nagina.com](http://www.nagina.com)

### Dividend

The Board of Directors have recommended in their meeting held on September 25, 2014, payment of final cash dividend at the rate of Rs. 7/= per share i.e. 70% for the year ended June 30, 2014.

### Dividend Mandate (Optional)

Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan has taken new initiative to make the process of payment of cash dividend to shareholders more efficient through e - Dividend mechanism, where shareholders can get amount of dividend credited to their respective bank accounts electronically without delay. By opting this mechanism, there will be instant credit of dividend and no chance of dividend warrants getting lost in the post, undelivered or delivered to the wrong address etc.

In order to avail this benefit, the members are encouraged to provide dividend mandates by sending the mandate information on the following format, directly to the Company's Share Registrar in case of physical shareholders and directly to the relevant Participant / CDC Investor Account Service in case of maintaining shareholding under Central Depository System (CDS).

<i>Detail of Bank Mandate</i>	
Title of Bank Account	
Bank Account No.	
Bank's Name	
Branch Name and Address	
Branch Code	
Cell Number of Shareholder/Transferee	
Landline Number of Shareholder/ Transferee, if any	

It is stated that the above-mentioned information is correct, that I will intimate the changes in the above-mentioned information to the Company and the concerned Share Registrar as soon as these occur.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of the Shareholder

### **Requirement of CNIC Number / National Tax Number (NTN) Certificate**

As has already notified from time to time, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), vide SRO 19(I)/2014 dated January 10, 2014 read with SRO 831(I)2012 dated July 5, 2012 required that dividend warrants should bear Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) number of the registered member.

Members who have not yet submitted copy of their valid Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) / National Tax Number (NTN) Certificate (in case of Corporate Entity) are requested to submit the same at the earliest.

### **Copy of CNIC/NTN may be sent directly to the Share Registrar:**

M/s Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Limited,  
1st Floor, H.M. House,  
7-Bank Square,  
Lahore  
Ph # (+92-42) 37235081-82  
Fax # (+92-42) 37358817

**Kindly note that in case of non compliance of the submission of CNIC, the Company shall be constrained to withhold the dispatch of dividend warrant in future.**

### **Deduction of Income Tax from Dividend under Section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 ("Income Tax Ordinance").**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Finance Act, 2014 with effect from July 1, 2014, the rates of deduction of income tax from dividend payments under the Income Tax Ordinance have been revised as follows:

- (a) Rate of tax deduction for filer of income tax returns @10%
- (b) Rate of tax deduction for non-filer of income tax returns @15%

All shareholder' of the Company who hold shares in physical form are therefore requested to send a valid copy of their CNIC and NTN certificate to the Company's Shares Registrar M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd. to allow the Company to ascertain the status of the shareholder.

Shareholders of the Company who hold shares in scrip-less form on Central Depository System (CDS) of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Ltd (CDC) are requested to send valid copies of their CNIC and NTN certificate to their CDC Participants / CDC Investor Account Services.

Where the required documents are not submitted, the Company will be constrained to treat the non-complying shareholders as a non-filer thereby attracting a higher rate of withholding tax.

### **Electronic Transmission of Audited Financial Statements and Notice of Annual General Meeting (Notice) Through E-Mail.**

Pursuant to SECP notification S.R.O 787(I)/ 2014 dated September 8, 2014, members, who hold shares in physical form, may inform the Company or Company's Share Registrar M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd., and who hold shares in scrip-less form on Central Depository System (CDS) of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Ltd (CDC) may inform their CDC Participants / CDC Investor Account Services, to receive the Audited Financial Statements and Notices through e-mail by submitting Standard Request Form as given below:

#### **REQUEST FORM FOR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION OF AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND NOTICE THROUGH E-MAIL**

In terms of SECP notification SRO 787(I)/2014 dated September 8, 2014, I, \_\_\_\_\_ hereby give my consent for electronic transmission of Audited Financial Statements and Notice through e-mail. My e-mail address is \_\_\_\_\_.

I undertake that by sending the Audited Financial Statements and Notice through e-mail, by the Company, the Company shall be considered compliant with relevant requirements of sections 50, 158 and 233 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984.

It is stated that the above mentioned e-mail address is correct, that I will intimate the changes in the above mentioned e-mail address to the Company and the Share Registrar as soon as these occur.

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Signature of the Shareholder.

Please send the above request form at the following address:

The Secretary, Ellcot Spinning Mills Ltd., Nagina House, 91-B-1, M.M. Alam Road, Gulberg-III, Lahore-54660. e-mail address: mubashir.sultan@nagina.com

or

M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Ltd.  
1st Floor, H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore.  
e-mail address: shares@hmaconsultants.com

#### **Investor Relations Contact**

Mr. Shahzada Sultan Mubashir, Corporate Secretary

Email: mubashir.sultan@nagina.com, Ph # (+92-42) 35756270, Fax: (+92-42) 35711856

#### **Delivery of the Unclaimed / Undelivered Shares**

Members are requested to contact the Registered Office of the Company or the Share Registrar, M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd., 1st Floor, H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore., for collection of their shares which they have not received due to any reasons.

To: All members of the Company

**NOTICE UNDER SECTION 218 OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE, 1984**

In pursuance of Section 218 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the members of the Company are hereby informed that upon recommendation of Human Resource and Remuneration (HR&R) Committee, Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 25, 2014 has approved the increase in remuneration of Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh, Mg. Director (Chief Executive) and Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi, Chairman of the Board effective from July 1, 2014 as under:

**a) Remuneration of Mr. Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh, Mg. Director (Chief Executive)**

Description	Present Remuneration	Remuneration After Increase
Remuneration	Rs.357,500/= per month inclusive of 10% medical allowance.	<b>Rs.393,250/= per Month inclusive of 10% medical allowance.</b>
<b>Other Benefits</b>		
Transport	Two company maintained cars with drivers	<b>No Change</b>
Utilities	Actual cost of utilities, i.e. gas, electricity and water at his residence and telecommunication facilities	<b>No Change</b>
Leave Fare Assistance (LFA)	Leave passage for self and family.	<b>No Change</b>

**b) Remuneration of Mr. Shaikh Enam Ellahi, Chairman of the Board**

Remuneration	Rs.467,500/= per month inclusive of 10% medical allowance.	<b>Rs.514,250/= per month inclusive of 10% medical allowance.</b>
<b>Other Benefits</b>		
Transport	One company maintained cars with driver	<b>No Change</b>
Utilities	Actual cost of utilities, i.e. gas, electricity and water at his residence and telecommunication facilities	<b>No Change</b>
Leave Fare Assistance (LFA)	Leave passage for self and family.	<b>No Change</b>

Lahore : September 25, 2014

  
**Shahzada Sultan Mubashir**  
 Corporate Secretary

**PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING  
AS AT JUNE 30, 2014  
CUIN (INCORPORATION NUMBER) 0018985**

No. of Shareholders	Shareholding		Total Shares Held
	From	To	
235	1	100	7,593
169	101	500	58,043
105	501	1,000	92,826
124	1,001	5,000	312,777
26	5,001	10,000	187,485
4	10,001	15,000	44,375
4	15,001	20,000	74,000
3	20,001	25,000	69,500
-	25,001	35,000	-
3	35,001	40,000	116,500
1	40,001	45,000	41,345
1	45,001	50,000	49,500
-	50,001	60,000	-
2	60,001	65,000	128,326
-	65,001	120,000	-
1	120,001	125,000	120,638
1	125,001	130,000	128,178
-	130,001	180,000	-
1	180,001	185,000	181,859
-	185,001	210,000	-
1	210,001	215,000	210,401
-	215,001	625,000	-
1	625,001	630,000	628,400
-	630,001	660,000	-
3	660,001	665,000	1,993,716
-	665,001	705,000	-
1	705,001	710,000	706,880
-	710,001	835,000	-
1	835,001	840,000	835,554
-	840,001	1,570,000	-
1	1,570,001	1,575,000	1,572,602
-	1,575,001	1,610,000	-
1	1,610,001	1,615,000	1,614,200
-	1,615,001	1,700,000	-
1	1,700,001	1,705,000	1,701,610
			73,692
<b>690</b>	<b>Total:-</b>		<b>10,950,000</b>

Categories of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their Spouse and Minor Children	5,134,124	46.88
Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties	2,663,461	24.33
NIT and ICP	-	-
Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance Institutions	5,100	0.05
Insurance Companies	191,878	1.75
Modarabas and Mutual Funds	1,665,072	15.21
Shareholders Holding 10% or More	4,888,412	44.64
General Public		
a. Local	1,176,967	10.75
b. Foreign	40,701	0.37
Others (Joint Stock Companies etc.)	72,697	0.66

**Note:-**

M/s. Nagina Cotton Mills Ltd., had distributed 6,545,000 ordinary shares of M/s. Ellcot Spinning Mills Ltd., among its members, out of which 73,692 ordinary shares have yet to be transferred by the members of M/s. Nagina Cotton Mills Ltd., These shares have been shown under the head of "General Public".

**INFORMATION UNDER CLAUSE XVI (J) OF THE CODE OF CORPORATE  
GOVERNANCE AS AT JUNE 30, 2014**

<b>S #</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Shares Held</b>	<b>Percentage</b>
<b>1)</b>	<b><u>Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties</u></b>		
i)	HAROON OMER ( PVT) LTD.	664,572	6.07
ii)	MONELL (PVT) LTD.	664,572	6.07
iii)	ICARO (PVT) LTD.	664,572	6.07
iv)	ARH (PVT) LTD.	628,400	5.74
v)	ELLAHI INTERNATIONAL ( PVT ) LTD.	41,345	0.38
		<b>2,663,461</b>	<b>24.33</b>
<b>2)</b>	<b><u>Mutual Funds</u></b>		
i)	GOLDEN ARROW SELECTED STOCKS FUND LIMITED	835,554	7.63
ii)	CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST	706,880	6.46
iii)	CDC - TRUSTEE AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND	120,638	1.10
iv)	CDC - TRUSTEE PAKISTAN STOCK MARKET FUND	2,000	0.02
		<b>1,665,072</b>	<b>15.21</b>
<b>3)</b>	<b><u>Directors, Chief Executive Officer and their Spouse and Minor Children</u></b>		
i)	MR. SHAIKH ENAM ELLAHI	210,401	1.92
ii)	MR. SHAHZADA ELLAHI SHAIKH	1,572,602	14.36
iii)	MR. SHAUKAT ELLAHI SHAIKH	1,701,610	15.54
iv)	MR. SHAFQAT ELLAHI SHAIKH	1,614,200	14.74
v)	MR. AMIN ELLAHI SHAIKH	500	0.01
vi)	MRS. HUMERA SHAHZADA ELLAHI SHAIKH	1,437	0.01
vii)	MRS. MONA SHAUKAT SHAIKH	1,437	0.01
viii)	MRS. SHAISTA SHAFQAT SHAIKH	1,437	0.01
ix)	MR. JAMAL NASIM	30,000	0.27
x)	SYED MOAZ MOHIUDDIN	500	0.01
		<b>5,134,124</b>	<b>46.88</b>
<b>4)</b>	<b><u>Executives</u></b>	<b>627</b>	<b>0.01</b>
<b>5)</b>	<b><u>Public Sector Companies and Corporations</u></b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>6)</b>	<b><u>Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds.</u></b>	<b>196,978</b>	<b>1.80</b>
<b>7)</b>	<b><u>Shareholders Holding Five Percent or More Voting Rights</u></b>		
i)	ARH (PVT) LTD.	628,400	5.74
ii)	HAROON OMER ( PVT) LTD.	664,572	6.07
iii)	MONELL (PVT) LTD.	664,572	6.07
iv)	ICARO (PVT) LTD.	664,572	6.07
v)	CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST	706,880	6.46
vi)	GOLDEN ARROW SELECTED STOCKS FUND LIMITED	835,554	7.63
vii)	MR. SHAHZADA ELLAHI SHAIKH	1,572,602	14.36
viii)	MR. SHAFQAT ELLAHI SHAIKH	1,614,200	14.74
ix)	MR. SHAUKAT ELLAHI SHAIKH	1,701,610	15.54

## KEY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

		YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE					
		2014	2013 restated	2012 restated	2011	2010	2009
Sales	Rs.'000	5,709,484	4,858,426	4,025,287	4,991,956	3,186,160	2,427,536
Gross profit	Rs.'000	552,520	654,883	432,740	689,245	413,790	259,615
Operating profit	Rs.'000	403,742	503,634	329,154	559,844	306,737	185,362
Profit before tax	Rs.'000	319,767	422,423	200,010	421,921	166,677	5,254
Profit after tax	Rs.'000	255,903	350,335	146,404	352,101	128,633	997
Share capital - paid up	Rs.'000	109,500	109,500	109,500	109,500	109,500	109,500
Shareholders' equity	Rs.'000	1,398,048	1,251,396	969,180	903,057	589,281	468,860
Total assets	Rs.'000	2,356,955	2,185,275	1,852,202	2,237,348	1,725,678	1,825,681
Earning per share - pre tax	Rs.	29.20	38.58	18.27	38.53	15.22	0.48
Earnings per share - after tax	Rs.	23.37	31.99	13.37	32.16	11.75	0.09
Dividend per share	Rs.	7.00	10.00	5.00	7.00	3.50	0.75
Market value per share as on 30 June	Rs.	73.95	64.89	26.00	24.00	21.40	9.90
Gross profit to sales	%	9.68	13.48	10.75	13.81	12.99	10.69
Operating profit to sales	%	7.07	10.37	8.18	11.21	9.63	7.64
Profit before tax to sales	%	5.60	8.69	4.97	8.45	5.23	0.22
Profit after tax to sales	%	4.48	7.21	3.64	7.05	4.04	0.04
Current ratio		2.64:1	2.27:1	1.67:1	1.33:1	1.20:1	1.01:1
Total debt to total asset ratio	%	40.68	42.74	47.67	59.64	65.85	74.32
Debt equity ratio	%	22.18	24.47	26.61	33.80	48.97	54.19

# **Financial Statements**

## Review Report on Statement of Compliance with Best practices of Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance ('the Code') prepared by the Board of Directors of **ELLCOT SPINNING MILLS LIMITED** for the year ended June 30, 2014 to comply with the requirements of Listing Regulation No 35 of the Karachi Stock Exchange Limited and Lahore Stock Exchange Limited where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2014.



**RAHMAN SARFARAZ RAHIM IQBAL RAFIQ**  
Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: **ZUBAIR IRFAN MALIK**

Date: **SEPTEMBER 25, 2014**

Place: **LAHORE**



## Auditors' Report to the Members

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of **ELLCOT SPINNING MILLS LIMITED** ("the Company") as at June 30, 2014 and the related profit and loss account, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that-

- a) in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- b) in our opinion-
  - i. the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied, with the exception of the change referred to in note 5 with which we concur;
  - ii. the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
  - iii. the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2014 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980.), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that ordinance.



RAHMAN SARFARAZ RAHIMIQBAL RAFIQ  
Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: **ZUBAIR IRFAN MALIK**

Date: **SEPTEMBER 25, 2014**

Place: **LAHORE**



## BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2014

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b> <i>Rupees</i>	2013 <i>Rupees</i> <i>(restated)</i>	2012 <i>Rupees</i> <i>(restated)</i>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>				
<b>SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>				
<i>Authorized capital</i>				
20,000,000 (2013: 20,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		<b>200,000,000</b>	200,000,000	200,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	7	<b>109,500,000</b>	109,500,000	109,500,000
Capital reserve	8	<b>7,760,000</b>	7,760,000	7,760,000
Accumulated profit		<b>1,280,787,959</b>	1,134,135,737	851,920,434
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		<b>1,398,047,959</b>	1,251,395,737	969,180,434
<b>LIABILITIES</b>				
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>				
Long term finances	9	<b>327,449,143</b>	294,826,393	206,386,641
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	10	<b>5,089,192</b>	8,927,987	17,117,921
Employees retirement benefits	11	<b>46,469,085</b>	36,797,059	17,150,994
Deferred taxation	12	<b>73,524,823</b>	75,138,055	75,640,186
		<b>452,532,243</b>	415,689,494	316,295,742
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>				
Trade and other payables	13	<b>214,767,545</b>	245,106,852	173,609,529
Accrued interest/mark-up	14	<b>7,920,294</b>	10,729,631	13,477,934
Short term borrowings	15	<b>217,658,643</b>	160,781,337	251,803,640
Current portion of non-current liabilities	16	<b>66,028,585</b>	101,571,999	127,834,665
		<b>506,375,067</b>	518,189,819	566,725,768
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>958,907,310</b>	933,879,313	883,021,510
<b>CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS</b>	17	-	-	-
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<b>2,356,955,269</b>	2,185,275,050	1,852,201,944

*The annexed notes from 1 to 52 form an integral part of these financial statements.*

Lahore: September 25, 2014

  
**Amin Ellahi Shaikh**  
 Director

**BALANCE SHEET  
AS AT JUNE 30, 2014**

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013	2012
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>ASSETS</b>				
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>				
Fixed assets	18	1,011,522,729	1,002,596,544	895,585,042
Long term deposits	19	7,090,700	7,090,700	7,509,290
		<b>1,018,613,429</b>	1,009,687,244	903,094,332
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>				
Stores, spares and loose tools	20	33,711,906	48,681,445	32,859,717
Stock in trade	21	759,315,503	697,920,197	736,731,198
Trade debts	22	310,675,746	200,969,718	88,104,410
Advances, prepayments and other receivables	23	78,325,530	90,109,984	57,272,629
Short term investments		-	-	45,160
Advance income tax	24	23,044,482	32,813,872	17,861,755
Bank balances	25	133,268,673	105,092,590	16,232,743
		<b>1,338,341,840</b>	1,175,587,806	949,107,612
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b><u>2,356,955,269</u></b>	<b><u>2,185,275,050</u></b>	<b><u>1,852,201,944</u></b>

*The annexed notes from 1 to 52 form an integral part of these financial statements.*



**Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh**  
Mg. Director (Chief Executive)

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Note	2014 Rupees	2013 Rupees (restated)
<b>Sales - net</b>	26	<b>5,709,483,886</b>	4,858,425,674
Cost of sales	27	<b>(5,156,963,634)</b>	(4,203,542,576)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>552,520,252</b>	654,883,098
Distribution cost	28	<b>(53,092,741)</b>	(50,724,044)
Administrative expenses	29	<b>(79,276,152)</b>	(68,251,748)
Other expenses	30	<b>(24,205,197)</b>	(36,686,215)
		<b>(156,574,090)</b>	(155,662,007)
Other income	31	<b>7,796,164</b>	4,413,394
<b>Operating profit</b>		<b>403,742,326</b>	503,634,485
Finance cost	32	<b>(83,975,010)</b>	(81,211,272)
<b>Profit before taxation</b>		<b>319,767,316</b>	422,423,213
Provision for taxation	33	<b>(63,864,520)</b>	(72,088,237)
<b>Profit after taxation</b>		<b>255,902,796</b>	350,334,976
<b>Earnings per share - basic and diluted</b>	34	<b>23.37</b>	31.99

*The annexed notes from 1 to 52 form an integral part of these financial statements.*

Lahore: September 25, 2014

  
Amin Ellahi Shaikh  
Director

  
Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh  
Mg. Director (Chief Executive)



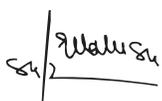
**STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

	Note	2014 Rupees	2013 Rupees (restated)
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>			
<i>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</i>			
Remeasurements of defined benefit obligation	11.1	286,357	(15,411,851)
Taxation relating to remeasurements of defined benefit obligation		(36,931)	2,042,178
		249,426	(13,369,673)
<b>Other comprehensive income/(loss)</b>		<b>249,426</b>	<b>(13,369,673)</b>
<b>Profit after taxation</b>		<b>255,902,796</b>	<b>350,334,976</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		<b>256,152,222</b>	<b>336,965,303</b>

*The annexed notes from 1 to 52 form an integral part of these financial statements.*

Lahore: September 25, 2014

  
**Amin Ellahi Shaikh**  
 Director

  
**Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh**  
 Mg. Director (Chief Executive)

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Note	2014 Rupees	2013 Rupees
<b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Cash generated from operations	36	334,980,405	553,890,508
Payments for:			
Employees retirement benefits		(10,427,562)	(9,201,914)
Interest/markup on borrowings		(73,899,026)	(75,250,109)
Income tax		(55,745,293)	(85,500,307)
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>		<b>194,908,524</b>	<b>383,938,178</b>
<b>CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(107,759,760)	(215,427,840)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		7,667,330	10,051,362
Purchase of intangible assets		(14,785,288)	-
Purchase of short term investments		(398,000,000)	(425,000,000)
Proceeds from disposal of short term investments		400,855,764	427,576,807
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>		<b>(112,021,954)</b>	<b>(202,799,671)</b>
<b>CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Long term finances obtained		77,449,143	182,326,393
Repayment of long term finances		(76,213,034)	(118,571,313)
Repayment of liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		(7,995,568)	(9,767,928)
Net increase/(decrease) in short term borrowings		60,505,923	(92,007,169)
Dividend paid		(108,456,951)	(54,258,643)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>		<b>(54,710,487)</b>	<b>(92,278,660)</b>
<b>NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		<b>28,176,083</b>	<b>88,859,847</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR</b>		<b>105,092,590</b>	<b>16,232,743</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR</b>	37	<b>133,268,673</b>	<b>105,092,590</b>

*The annexed notes from 1 to 52 form an integral part of these financial statements.*

Lahore: September 25, 2014

  
Amin Ellahi Shaikh  
Director

  
Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh  
Mg. Director (Chief Executive)

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

	Note	Share capital	Reserves		Total equity
		Issued subscribed and paid-up capital	Capital reserve	Accumulated profit	
		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
<b>Balance as at July 01, 2012 - (as originally reported)</b>		109,500,000	7,760,000	855,551,602	972,811,602
Impact of change in accounting policy	5			(3,631,168)	(3,631,168)
<b>Balance as at July 01, 2012 - (restated)</b>		109,500,000	7,760,000	851,920,434	969,180,434
<b>Comprehensive income - (restated)</b>					
Profit after taxation		-	-	350,334,976	350,334,976
Other comprehensive income/(loss) - (restated)		-	-	(13,369,673)	(13,369,673)
<b>Total comprehensive income - (restated)</b>		-	-	336,965,303	336,965,303
<b>Transaction with owners</b>					
Final dividend @ 50% i.e. Rs. 5.0 per ordinary share		-	-	(54,750,000)	(54,750,000)
<b>Balance as at June 30, 2013 - (restated)</b>		109,500,000	7,760,000	1,134,135,737	1,251,395,737
<b>Comprehensive income</b>					
Profit after taxation		-	-	255,902,796	255,902,796
Other comprehensive income/(loss)		-	-	249,426	249,426
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		-	-	256,152,222	256,152,222
<b>Transaction with owners</b>					
Final dividend @ 100% i.e. Rs. 10 per ordinary share		-	-	(109,500,000)	(109,500,000)
<b>Balance as at June 30, 2014</b>		<u>109,500,000</u>	<u>7,760,000</u>	<u>1,280,787,959</u>	<u>1,398,047,959</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 52 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Lahore: September 25, 2014

  
Amin Ellahi Shaikh  
Director

  
Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh  
Mg. Director (Chief Executive)

## NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### 1 REPORTING ENTITY

Ellcot Spinning Mills Limited ('the Company') is incorporated in Pakistan as a Public Limited Company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and is listed on Karachi Stock Exchange and Lahore Stock Exchange. The Company is a spinning unit engaged in the manufacture and sale of yarn. The registered office of the Company is situated at Nagina House, 91-B-1, M.M. Alam Road, Gulberg III, Lahore. The manufacturing facility is located in District Kasur in the Province of Punjab.

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Ordinance, 1984. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRSs') issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as notified under the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions of or directives under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 prevail.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for employees retirement benefits liabilities measured at present value and certain financial instruments measured at fair value/amortized cost. In these financial statements, except for the amounts reflected in the cash flow statement, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

#### 2.3 Judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which forms the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Subsequently, actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. Judgments made by management in the application of approved accounting standards that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a risk of material adjustment in subsequent years are as follows:

##### 2.3.1 Depreciation method, rates and useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Company reassesses useful lives, depreciation method and rates for each item of property, plant and equipment annually by considering expected pattern of economic benefits that the Company expects to derive from that item.

##### 2.3.2 Recoverable amount and impairment

The management of the Company reviews carrying amounts of its assets for possible impairment and makes formal estimates of recoverable amount if there is any such indication.

##### 2.3.3 Obligation under defined benefit plan

The Company's obligation under the defined benefit plan is based on assumptions of future outcomes, the principal ones being in respect of increases in remuneration, remaining working lives of employees and discount rates to be used to determine present value of defined benefit obligation. These assumptions are determined periodically by independent actuaries.

##### 2.3.4 Taxation

The Company takes into account the current income tax law and decisions taken by appellate and other relevant legal forums while estimating its provision for current tax. Provision for deferred tax is estimated after taking into account historical and expected future turnover and profit trends and their taxability under the current tax law.

##### 2.3.5 Provisions

Provisions are based on best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, that is, the amount that the Company would rationally pay to settle the obligation at the reporting date or to transfer it to a third party.

## 2.4 Functional currency

These financial statements have been prepared in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional currency.

## 3 NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS EFFECTIVE DURING THE YEAR.

- 3.1 The following new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments are effective during the year and are relevant to the Company.

### ***Amendments to IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements (as part of the Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)***

The annual improvements to IFRS 2009-2011 have made a number of amendments to IFRSs. The amendments that are relevant to the Company are the amendments to IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements regarding when a balance sheet as at the beginning of the preceding period (third balance sheet) is required to be presented. The amendments specify that a third balance sheet is required when an entity applies an accounting policy retrospectively, or makes a retrospective restatement or reclassification of items in its financial statements and that retrospective application, restatement or reclassification has a material effect on the information in the third balance sheet. The amendments specify that the related notes are not required to accompany the third balance sheet.

During the year, the Company has applied IAS 19 – Employee Benefits (Revised 2011) which has resulted in material effect on the information in the balance sheet as at June 30, 2012. In accordance with the amendments to IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements, the Company has presented a third balance sheet as at June 30, 2012 without the related notes.

### ***IAS 19 – Employee Benefits (Revised 2011)***

The revised standard:

- Requires the recognition of changes in the net defined benefit liability/asset including immediate recognition of defined benefit cost, disaggregation of defined benefit cost into components, recognition of re-measurements in other comprehensive income, plan amendments, curtailments and settlements, and eliminates the option that allowed entities to defer the recognition of changes in net defined benefit liability under the '10% Corridor Approach'.
- Introduces enhanced disclosures about defined benefit plans.
- Modifies accounting for termination benefits, including distinguishing benefits provided in exchange for service and benefits provided in exchange for the termination.
- Clarifies various miscellaneous issues, including the classification of employee benefits, current estimates of mortality rates, tax and administration costs and risk-sharing and conditional indexation features.

The Company has adopted and applied the revised standard which has resulted in change in accounting policy as referred to in note 5.

- 3.2 The following new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments are effective during the year and are either not relevant to the Company or do not have any material impact on these financial statements.

### ***IAS 27 - Separate Financial Statements (Revised 2011)***

The revised standard supersedes IAS 27 - Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (Revised 2008). The revised standard carries forward existing accounting and disclosure requirements for separate financial statements with some minor clarifications. The revised standard is not relevant to the Company.

### ***IAS 28 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (Revised 2011)***

The revised standard supersedes IAS 28 - Investments in Associates (Revised 2008) and makes amendments to apply IFRS 5 - Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations to investment, or a portion thereof, in an associate or joint venture, that meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale. The revised standard is not relevant to the Company.

### ***Annual Improvements 2009-2011***

The 2009-2011 cycle of improvements contains amendments to the following standards, with consequential amendments to other standards and interpretations.

- ***IFRS 1 – First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards***

The amendments clarify that an entity may apply IFRS 1 if its most recent previous annual financial statements did not contain an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards even if the entity applied IFRS 1 in the past. The amendments are not relevant to the Company.

- **IAS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment**

The amendments clarify the accounting of spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment. The definition of 'property, plant and equipment' in IAS 16 is now considered in determining whether these items should be accounted for under that standard. If these items do not meet the definition, then they are accounted for using IAS 2 Inventories. The amendments do not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

- **IAS 32 - Financial Instruments: Presentation**

The amendments clarify that IAS 12 - Income Taxes applies to the accounting for income taxes relating to distributions to holders of an equity instrument and transaction costs of an equity transaction. The amendments remove a perceived inconsistency between IAS 32 and IAS 12. The amendments do not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

- **IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting**

The amendments align the disclosure requirements for segment assets and segment liabilities in interim financial reports with those in IFRS 8 - Operating Segments. IAS 34 now requires the disclosure of a measure of total assets and liabilities for a particular reportable segment. In addition, such disclosure is only required when the amount is regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker and there has been a material change from the amount disclosed in the last annual financial statements for that reportable segment. The amendments do not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

**Government Loans (Amendments to IFRS 1 – First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards)**

The amendments address how a first-time adopter would account for a government loan with a below-market rate of interest when transitioning to International Financial Reporting Standards. The amendments are not relevant to the Company.

**Disclosures: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Amendments to IFRS 7 - Financial Instruments: Disclosures)**

The amendments contain new disclosure requirements for financial assets and liabilities that are offset in the statement of financial position or subject to master netting agreement or similar arrangement. The amendments do not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

**Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Amendments to IAS 32 - Financial Instruments: Presentation)**

The amendments address inconsistencies in current practice when applying the offsetting criteria in IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation. The amendments clarify the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off'; and that some gross settlement systems may be considered equivalent to net settlement. The amendments do not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

**Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance (Amendments to IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements and IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities)**

The amendments provide transitional relief by limiting the requirement to provide adjusted comparative information to only the preceding comparative period. Also, amendments to IFRS 11 and IFRS 12 eliminate the requirement to provide comparative information for periods prior to the immediately preceding period. The amendments are not relevant to the Company.

**IFRIC 20 - Stripping Cost in the Production Phase of a Surface Mining (2011)**

The interpretation requires production stripping cost in a surface mine to be capitalized if certain criteria are met. The interpretation is not relevant to the Company.

- 3.3 The following new standards are effective during the year but have been notified for adoption by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under section 234 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2015.

**IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements (2011)**

The standard replaces those parts of IAS 27 - Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements, that address when and how an investor should prepare consolidated financial statements and supersedes SIC 12 - Consolidation: Special Purpose Entities.

**IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements (2011)**

The standard supersedes IAS 31 - Interest in Joint Ventures and SIC 13 - Jointly Controlled Entities: Non-monetary Contributions by Venturers.

***IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (2011)***

The standard introduces disclosure requirements relating to interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and unconsolidated structured entities.

***IFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement (2011)***

The standard replaces the guidance on fair value measurement in various existing standards with a single standard.

**4 NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS ISSUED BUT NOT EFFECTIVE.**

The following new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments are in issue, which are not effective as at the reporting date. These are not expected to have any significant impact on the financial statements of the Company, except for enhanced disclosures in certain cases.

***IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement (2014)***

The revised standard incorporates new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments and carries over existing derecognition requirements from IAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2018.

***IFRS 14 – Regulatory Deferral Accounts (2014)***

The standard allows first-time adoptors of IFRS to continue to account, with some limited changes, for 'regulatory deferral account balances' in accordance with its previous GAAP, both on initial adoption of IFRS and in subsequent financial statements. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2017.

***IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (2014)***

The standard provides a single, principles based five-step model to all contracts with customers. Guidance is provided on topics such as the point in which revenue is recognized, accounting for variable consideration, costs of fulfilling and obtaining a contract and various related matters. New disclosures about revenue are also introduced. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2017.

***Investment Entities (Amendments to IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements)***

The amendments provide exemption from consolidation of particular subsidiaries by certain entities defined as "Investment Entities" and require additional disclosures where such subsidiaries are excluded from consolidation pursuant to exemption. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2014.

***Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets (Amendments to IAS 36 – Impairment of Assets)***

The amendments reduce the circumstances in which the recoverable amount of assets or cash-generating units is required to be disclosed, clarify the disclosures required and introduce an explicit requirement to disclose the discount rate used in determining impairment or reversals where recoverable amount is determined using a present value technique. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2014.

***Novation of Derivative and Continuation of Hedge Accounting (Amendments to IAS 39 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement)***

The amendments clarify that there is no need to discontinue hedge accounting if a hedge derivative is novitated provided certain criteria are met. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2014.

***Contributions from employees or third parties (Amendments to IAS 19 – Employee Benefits)***

The amendments narrow scope amendments applicable to contributions from employees or third parties to defined benefit plans. The objective of the amendments is to simplify the accounting for contributions that are independent of the number of years of employee service, for example, employee contributions that are calculated according to a fixed percentage of salary. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 01, 2014.

***Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities (Amendments to IAS 32 – Financial Instruments: Presentation)***

The amendments update the application guidance in IAS 32 to clarify some of the requirements for offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities on the balance sheet. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2014.

***Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations (Amendments to IFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements)***

The amendments update the application guidance in IAS 32 to clarify some of the requirements for offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities on the balance sheet. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2016.

**Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization (Amendments to IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 – Intangible Assets)**

The amendments clarify the use of certain acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2016.

**Bearer Plants (Amendments to IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 41 – Agriculture)**

The amendments allows bearer plants; living plants that are used in the production or supply of agricultural produce, which are expected to bear produce for more than one period and has a remote likelihood of being sold as agricultural produce, to be accounted for under IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment, and clarify that the produce growing on bearer plants remains within the scope of IAS 41 - Agriculture. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2016.

**Annual Improvements 2010-2012 (applicable to annual periods beginning on or after July 01, 2014)**

The 2010-2012 cycle of improvements contains amendments to the following standards, with consequential amendments to other standards and interpretations.

- **IFRS 2 – Share-based Payment**

The amendments amend the definition of 'vesting condition' and 'market condition' and adds definitions for 'performance condition' and 'service condition'.

- **IFRS 3 – Business Combinations**

The amendments require contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability to be measured at fair value at each reporting date.

- **IFRS 8 – Operating Segments**

The amendments require disclosure of the judgements made by the management in applying the aggregation criteria to operating segments and clarify that reconciliations of segment assets are required only if segment assets are reported regularly.

- **IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement**

The amendments clarify that issuing IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement and amending IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures and IAS 39 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement did not remove the ability to measure certain short-term receivables and payables on an undiscounted basis.

- **IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment**

The amendments clarify that the amount of property, plant and equipment is adjusted in a manner consistent with a revaluation of the carrying amount.

- **IAS 24 – Related Parties**

The amendments clarify how payments to entities providing management services are to be disclosed.

**Annual Improvements 2011-2013 (applicable to annual periods beginning on or after July 01, 2014)**

The 2011-2013 cycle of improvements contains amendments to the following standards, with consequential amendments to other standards and interpretations.

- **IFRS 1 – First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards**

The amendments clarify which versions of IFRSs can be used on initial adoption.

- **IFRS 3 – Business Combinations**

The amendments clarify that the standard excludes from its scope the accounting for the formation of a joint arrangement in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.

- **IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement**

The amendments clarify the scope of portfolio exception.

- **IAS 40 – Investment Property**

The amendments clarifying the interrelationship of IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement and IAS 40 – Investment Property when classifying property as investment property or owner-occupied property.

**5 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY**

During the year, the Company has adopted and applied IAS 19 – Employee Benefits (Revised 2011) which has resulted in change accounting policy of the Company for Defined Benefit Plans. Earlier actuarial gains/losses were recognized using the 10% corridor approach. Following the application of the revised standard all remeasurements of defined benefit obligation are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. The change has been applied retrospectively. The impact of retrospective application is as follows:

	2014	2013
	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b><i>Impact on profit or loss</i></b>		
Decrease in cost of sales	1,158,072	127,655
Decrease in administrative expenses	422,142	46,533
Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax expense	36,931	(2,042,178)
Increase/(decrease) in profit after taxation	<u>1,617,145</u>	<u>(1,867,990)</u>
<b><i>Impact on other comprehensive income</i></b>		
Increase/(decrease) in remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	286,357	(15,411,851)
(Increase)/decrease in deferred tax expense on remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	(36,931)	2,042,178
Increase/(decrease) in other comprehensive income	<u>249,426</u>	<u>(13,369,673)</u>
<b><i>Impact on earnings per share</i></b>		
Increase/(decrease) in earnings per share	<u>0.15</u>	<u>(0.17)</u>
<b><i>Impact on liabilities</i></b>		
Increase in employees retirement benefits	17,002,260	18,868,831
Increase in liabilities	<u>17,002,260</u>	<u>18,868,831</u>
<b><i>Impact on equity</i></b>		
Decrease in accumulated profits	17,002,260	18,868,831
Decrease in equity	<u>17,002,260</u>	<u>18,868,831</u>
<b><i>Impact on assets</i></b>		
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

**6 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements, with the exception of change referred to in note 5.

**6.1 Property, plant and equipment**

**6.1.1 Operating fixed assets**

Operating fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses with the exception of freehold land, which is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Cost comprises purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, and includes other costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction, erection and installation.

Major renewals and improvements to operating fixed assets are recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the embodied future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the cost of renewal or improvement can be measured reliably. The cost of the day-to-day servicing of operating fixed assets are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

The Company recognizes depreciation in profit or loss by applying reducing balance method over the useful life of each operating fixed asset using rates specified in note 18.1 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions to operating fixed assets is charged from the month in which the item becomes available for use. Depreciation is discontinued from the month in which it is disposed or classified as held for disposal.

An operating fixed asset is de-recognized when permanently retired from use. Any gain or loss on disposal of operating fixed assets is recognized in profit or loss.

### 6.1.2 Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less identified impairment loss, if any, and includes the cost of material, labour and appropriate overheads directly relating to the construction, erection or installation of an item of operating fixed assets. These costs are transferred to operating fixed assets as and when related items become available for intended use.

## 6.2 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognized when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

In assessing the probability of expected future economic benefits the Company uses reasonable and supportable assumptions that represents management's best estimate of the set of economic conditions that will exist over the useful life of the asset.

An intangible asset is measured initially at cost. The cost of intangible asset acquired comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, and includes other costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Costs incurred after the asset is in the condition necessary for it to operate in the manner intended by the management are recognized in profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Intangible assets are amortized over the estimated period over which the Company expects to obtain economic benefits, on a straight line basis. All intangible assets are tested for impairment at each reporting date.

## 6.3 Software

The cost of acquisition, development and installation of identifiable software products having finite useful lives of more than one year is recognized as an intangible asset at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, it is measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

## 6.4 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are generally held for internal use and are valued at cost. Cost is determined on the basis of weighted average except for items in transit, which are valued at invoice price plus related cost incurred up to the reporting date. For items which are considered obsolete, the carrying amount is written down to nil. Spare parts held exclusively for capitalization are classified as property, plant and equipment.

## 6.5 Stock in trade

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value, with the exception of stock of waste which is valued at net realizable value. Cost is determined using the following basis:

Raw materials	First In First Out
Work in process	Average manufacturing cost
Finished goods	Average manufacturing cost
Stock in transit	Invoice price plus related cost incurred up to the reporting date

Average manufacturing cost in relation to work in process and finished goods consists of direct material, labour and an appropriate proportion of manufacturing overheads.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

## 6.6 Employee benefits

### 6.6.1 Short-term employee benefits

The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits to be paid in exchange for services rendered by employees as a liability after deducting amount already paid and as an expense in profit or loss unless it is included in the cost of inventories or property, plant and equipment as permitted or required by the approved accounting standards. If the amount paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of benefits, the excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment would lead to a reduction in future payments or cash refund.

### **6.6.2 Post-employment benefits**

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme (defined benefit plan) for all its employees who have completed the minimum qualifying service period. Liability is adjusted on each reporting date to cover the obligation and the adjustment is charged to profit or loss with the exception of remeasurements which are recognized in other comprehensive income. The amount recognized on balance sheet represents the present value of defined benefit obligation. The details of the scheme are referred to in note 11 to the financial statements.

## **6.7 Financial instruments**

### **6.7.1 Recognition**

A financial instrument is recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

### **6.7.2 Classification**

The Company classifies its financial instruments into following classes depending on the purpose for which the financial assets and liabilities are acquired or incurred. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets and liabilities at initial recognition.

#### **6.7.2(a) Loans and receivables**

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. Assets in this category are presented as current assets except for maturities greater than twelve months from the reporting date, where these are presented as non-current assets.

#### **6.7.2(b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss**

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are either designated as such on initial recognition or are classified as held for trading. Financial assets are designated as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss if the Company manages such assets and evaluates their performance based on their fair value in accordance with the Company's risk management and investment strategy. Financial assets are classified as held for trading when these are acquired principally for the purpose of selling and repurchasing in the near term, or when these are part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is a recent actual pattern of profit taking, or where these are derivatives, excluding derivatives that are financial guarantee contracts or that are designated and effective hedging instruments. Financial assets in this category are presented as current assets.

#### **6.7.2(c) Financial liabilities at amortized cost**

Non-derivative financial liabilities that are not financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost. Financial liabilities in this category are presented as current liabilities except for maturities greater than twelve months from the reporting date where these are presented as non-current liabilities.

### **6.7.3 Measurement**

The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each instrument.

### **6.7.4 De-recognition**

Financial assets are de-recognized if the Company's contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or if the Company transfers the financial asset to another party without retaining control or substantially all risks and rewards of the asset. Financial liabilities are de-recognized if the Company's obligations specified in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled. Any gain or loss on de-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is recognized in profit or loss.

### **6.7.5 Off-setting**

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet if the Company has legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## 6.8 Ordinary share capital

Ordinary share capital is recognized as equity. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as deduction from equity.

## 6.9 Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are classified as 'financial liabilities at amortized cost'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being fair value at the date the liability is incurred, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost with any difference between cost and value at maturity recognized in the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

## 6.10 Investments in mutual funds

Investment in mutual funds units which are acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term and short term profit taking are classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value on the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss. Gains and losses on de-recognition are recognized in profit or loss.

## 6.11 Finance leases

Leases in terms of which the Company assumes substantially all risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Assets subject to finance lease are classified as 'operating fixed assets'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation, subsequent expenditure, de-recognition, and gains and losses on de-recognition are accounted for in accordance with the respective policies for operating fixed assets. Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and deposits against finance lease are classified as 'financial liabilities at amortized cost' and 'loans and receivables' respectively, however, since they fall outside the scope of measurement requirements of IAS 39 'Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement', these are measured in accordance with the requirements of IAS 17 'Leases'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date of commencement of lease, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Deposits against finance leases, subsequent to initial recognition are carried at cost.

## 6.12 Operating leases

Leases that do not transfer substantially all risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

## 6.13 Trade and other payables

### 6.13.1 Financial liabilities

These are classified as 'financial liabilities at amortized cost'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date the liability is incurred, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest recognized in profit or loss.

### 6.13.2 Non-financial liabilities

These, both on initial recognition and subsequently, are measured at cost.

## 6.14 Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a legal and constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provision is recognized at an amount that is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. Where outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable, or where a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed, unless the possibility of outflow is remote.

## 6.15 Trade and other receivables

### 6.15.1 Financial assets

These are classified as 'loans and receivables'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date of transaction, plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest recognized in profit or loss.

**6.15.2 Non-financial assets**

These, both on initial recognition and subsequently, are measured at cost.

**6.16 Revenue**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns allowances, trade discounts and rebates, and represents amounts received or receivable for goods and services provided and other income earned in the normal course of business. Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company, and the amount of revenue and the associated costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably.

Revenue from different sources is recognized as follows:

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of goods are transferred to the buyer. Transfer of risks and rewards vary depending on the individual terms of the contract of sale. Transfer usually occurs on dispatch of goods to customers.

Export rebate is recognized at the same time when revenue from export sales is recognized.

Interest income is recognized using effective interest method.

**6.17 Comprehensive income**

Comprehensive income is the change in equity resulting from transactions and other events, other than changes resulting from transactions with shareholders in their capacity as shareholders. Total comprehensive income comprises all components of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income comprises items of income and expense, including reclassification adjustments, that are not recognized in profit or loss as required or permitted by approved accounting standards, and is presented in 'statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income'.

**6.18 Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying asset is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

**6.19 Income tax**

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income.

**6.19.1 Current taxation**

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on taxable income for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. Provision for current tax is based on current rates of taxation in Pakistan after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any. The amount of unpaid income tax in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as a liability. Any excess paid over what is due in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as an asset.

**6.19.2 Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is accounted for using the 'balance sheet approach' providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income that is subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the treatment prescribed by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. Deferred tax is measured at rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. A deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for deductible temporary differences to the extent that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

## 6.20 Government grants

Government grants that compensate the Company for expenses or losses already incurred are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which these are received and are deducted in reporting the relevant expenses or losses.

## 6.21 Earnings per share ('EPS')

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is calculated by adjusting basic EPS by the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares and post-tax effect of changes in profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company that would result from conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

## 6.22 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement comprise cash in hand and cash at banks. These are classified as 'loans and receivables' and are carried at cost.

## 6.23 Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currency are translated to the functional currency of the Company using exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated to the functional currency at exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are measured at fair value are translated to the functional currency at exchange rate prevailing at the date the fair value is determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are measured at historical cost are translated to functional currency at exchange rate prevailing at the date of initial recognition. Any gain or loss arising on translation of foreign currency transactions and balances is recognized in profit or loss.

## 6.24 Impairment

### 6.24.1 Financial assets

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of the asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. Impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at fair value is determined by reference to that fair value. All impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the financial asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

### 6.24.2 Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present values using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of the asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in respect of cash generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of the assets in a unit on a pro rata basis. Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used in determining the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to that extent that the asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

**6.25 Dividend distribution to ordinary shareholders**

Dividend to ordinary shareholders is recognized as a deduction from accumulated profit in statement of changes in equity and as a liability, to the extent it is unclaimed/unpaid, in the Company's financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>7 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL</b>		
Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		
8,760,000 (2013: 8,760,000) shares issued for cash	<b>87,600,000</b>	87,600,000
2,190,000 (2013: 2,190,000) shares issued as fully paid bonus shares	<b>21,900,000</b>	21,900,000
	<u><b>109,500,000</b></u>	<u>109,500,000</u>

**8 CAPITAL RESERVE**

On September 30, 2001, the net assets of Power Unit II of Ellahi Electric Company Limited were merged into the Company. Capital reserve represents the difference between the book value of shares held by the Company in Ellahi Electric Company Limited as on the date of merger and the value of net assets transferred to the Company.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>

**9 LONG TERM FINANCES**

These represent secured long term finances utilized under interest/markup arrangements from banking companies

Term Finances ('TF')

TF - I	9.1	-	18,886,641
TF - II	9.2	-	12,500,000
TF - III	9.3	<b>37,500,000</b>	75,000,000
TF - IV	9.4	<b>75,000,000</b>	100,000,000
TF - V	9.5	<b>200,000,000</b>	182,326,393
TF - VI	9.6	<b>77,449,143</b>	-
		<b>389,949,143</b>	388,713,034
Current portion presented under current liabilities	16	<b>(62,500,000)</b>	(93,886,641)
		<u><b>327,449,143</b></u>	<u>294,826,393</u>

**9.1** The finance was obtained from United Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and was secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantees of the Company's Directors. The finance carried mark-up at six months KIBOR plus 1.5% per annum (2013 six months KIBOR plus 1.5% per annum), payable semi-annually. The finance has been fully repaid during the year.

**9.2** The finance was been obtained from National Bank of Pakistan for financial restructuring and was secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantees of the Company's Directors. The finance carried mark-up at six months KIBOR plus 2.5% per annum (2013: six months KIBOR plus 2.5% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance has been fully repaid during the year.

**9.3** The finance has been obtained from United Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantees of the Company's Directors. The finance carries mark-up at six months KIBOR plus 1.2% per annum (2013: six months KIBOR plus 1.75% per annum), payable semi-annually. The finance is repayable in eight equal semi-annual installments with the first installment due in December 2011.

- 9.4** The finance has been obtained from United Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantees of the Company's Directors. The finance carries mark-up at six months KIBOR plus 1.2% per annum (2013: six months KIBOR plus 1.5% per annum), payable semi-annually. The finance is repayable in eight equal semi-annual installments with the first installment due in December 2013.
- 9.5** The finance has been obtained from Bank Alfalah Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantee of the Company's directors. The finance carries mark-up at six months KIBOR plus 1.35% per annum, payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in ten equal semi-annual installments with the first installment due in August 2015.
- 9.6** The finance has been obtained from United Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantee of the Company's directors. The finance carries mark-up at six months KIBOR plus 1% per annum, payable semi annually. The finance is repayable in eleven equal semi-annual installments with the first installment due in January 2016.
- 9.7** For mortgages and charges on assets as security for liabilities, refer to note 42 to the financial statements.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>10 LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE</b>			
Present value of minimum lease payments	10.1 & 10.2	<b>8,617,777</b>	16,613,345
Current portion presented under current liabilities	10.1 & 10.2	<b>(3,528,585)</b>	(7,685,358)
		<b><u>5,089,192</u></b>	<u>8,927,987</u>

- 10.1** These represent vehicles and machinery acquired under finance lease arrangements. The leases are priced at six months KIBOR plus 1.75% per annum (2013: six months KIBOR plus 1% to 3% per annum). Lease rentals are payable quarterly over a tenor ranging from 2 to 3 years. Under the terms of agreement, taxes, repairs, replacements and insurance costs in respect of assets subject to finance lease are borne by the Company. The Company also has the option to acquire these assets at the end of their respective lease terms by adjusting the deposit amount against the residual value of the asset and intends to exercise the option.
- 10.2** The amount of future payments under the finance lease arrangements and the period in which these payments will become due are as follows:

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
Not later than one year		<b>4,388,025</b>	8,945,289
Later than one year but not later than five years		<b>5,615,254</b>	9,148,860
<b>Total future minimum lease payments</b>		<b><u>10,003,279</u></b>	<u>18,094,149</u>
Finance charge allocated to future periods		<b>(1,385,502)</b>	(1,480,804)
<b>Present value of future minimum lease payments</b>		<b>8,617,777</b>	16,613,345
Not later than one year	16	<b>(3,528,585)</b>	(7,685,358)
Later than one year but not later than five years		<b><u>5,089,192</u></b>	<u>8,927,987</u>

## 11 EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The amount recognized on balance sheet represents present value of defined benefit obligation.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
			<i>(Restated)</i>
<b>11.1 Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation</b>			
As at beginning of the year		<b>36,797,059</b>	17,150,994
Charged to profit or loss for the year	11.2	<b>20,385,945</b>	13,436,128
Benefits paid during the year		<b>(10,427,562)</b>	(9,201,914)
Remeasurements recognized in other comprehensive income	11.4	<b>(286,357)</b>	15,411,851
As at end of the year		<b><u>46,469,085</u></b>	<u>36,797,059</u>
<b>11.2 Charge to profit or loss</b>			
Current service cost		<b>17,069,701</b>	11,034,989
Interest cost		<b>3,316,244</b>	2,401,139
		<b><u>20,385,945</u></b>	<u>13,436,128</u>
<b>11.3 The charge to profit or loss has been allocated as follows</b>			
Cost of sales	27.2	<b>14,939,980</b>	9,846,759
Administrative and general expenses	29.1	<b>5,445,965</b>	3,589,369
		<b><u>20,385,945</u></b>	<u>13,436,128</u>
<b>11.4 Remeasurements recognized in other comprehensive income</b>			
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from changes in:			
Demographic assumptions		-	-
Financial assumptions		-	-
Experience adjustments		<b>(286,357)</b>	15,411,851
		<b><u>(286,357)</u></b>	<u>15,411,851</u>

**11.5 Principal actuarial assumptions**

Present value of defined benefit obligation has been determined using projected unit credit method. The liability as at the reporting date is based on actuarial valuation carried out by independent actuaries. The principal assumptions used in determining present value of defined benefit obligation are:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
Discount rate	<b>13.25%</b>	10.5%
Expected rates of increase in salary	<b>11.25%</b>	8.5%
Expected average remaining working lives	<b>10 years</b>	9 years

**11.6 Sensitivity analysis**

An analysis of sensitivity for discount rate and expected rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of defined benefit obligation as at the reporting date showing how the defined benefit obligation would have been affected by changes in relevant actuarial assumption that were reasonably possible at that date is as follows:

	Change in actuarial assumption	Defined benefit obligation  <i>Rupees</i>
Discount rate	+ 1%	43,068,288
	- 1%	50,418,279
Expected rate of increase in salary	+ 1%	50,555,342
	- 1%	42,892,317

A change in expected remaining working lives of employees is not expected to have a material impact on the present value of defined benefit obligation. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis for the same has not been carried out.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of defined benefit obligation as at the reporting date has been calculated using projected unit credit method, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation to be recognized in these financial statements.

### 11.7 Risk factors

The defined benefit plan exposes the Company to the following actuarial risks:

**Interest risk:** The discount rate used in determination of present value of defined benefit obligation has been determined by reference to market yield at the reporting date on Pakistan Investment Bonds since there is no deep market in long term corporate bonds in Pakistan. An increase in market yield resulting in a higher discount rate will decrease in the defined benefit liability.

**Longevity risk:** The present value of defined benefit obligation is calculation by reference to the best estimate of the expected remaining working lives of the employees. An increase in the expected remaining working lives will increase the defined benefit obligation. However, the increase is not expected to be material.

**Salary risk:** The present value of defined benefit obligation is calculation by reference to future salaries of employees. An increase in salary of employees will increase the defined benefit obligation.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b> <i>Rupees</i>	2013 <i>Rupees</i>
<b>12 DEFERRED TAXATION</b>			
Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences	12.1	<b>79,517,906</b>	77,513,670
Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences	12.1	<b>(5,993,083)</b>	(2,375,615)
		<u><b>73,524,823</b></u>	<u>75,138,055</u>

**12.1 Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

	2014			
	As at July 01, 2013 Rupees	Recognized in profit or loss Rupees	Recognized in equity Rupees	As at June 30, 2014 Rupees
<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>				
Operating fixed assets - owned	75,670,730	3,668,421	-	79,339,151
Operating fixed assets - leased	1,842,940	(1,664,185)	-	178,755
	77,513,670	2,004,236	-	79,517,906
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>				
Employees retirement benefits	(2,375,615)	(3,654,399)	36,931	(5,993,083)
	<u>75,138,055</u>	<u>(1,650,163)</u>	<u>36,931</u>	<u>73,524,823</u>
	2013			
	As at July 01, 2012 Rupees	Recognized in profit or loss Rupees	Recognized in equity Rupees	As at June 30, 2013 Rupees
<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>				
Operating fixed assets - owned	76,920,974	(1,250,244)	-	75,670,730
Operating fixed assets - leased	1,202,534	640,406	-	1,842,940
	78,123,508	(609,838)	-	77,513,670
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>				
Employees retirement benefits	(2,483,322)	2,149,885	(2,042,178)	(2,375,615)
	<u>75,640,186</u>	<u>1,540,047</u>	<u>(2,042,178)</u>	<u>75,138,055</u>

**12.2** Revenue from export sales of the Company is subject to taxation under the final tax regime, while the remaining portion of revenue attracts assessment under normal provisions of the Ordinance. Deferred tax is provided for only that portion of timing differences that represent income taxable under normal provisions of the Ordinance. These differences are calculated at that proportion of total timing differences that the local sales, other than the indirect exports taxable under section 154 (3) of the Ordinance, bear to the total sales revenue based on historical and future trends. Deferred tax has been calculated at 33% (2013: 35%) of the timing differences so determined based on tax rates notified by the Government of Pakistan for future tax years.

	Note	2014 Rupees	2013 Rupees
<b>13 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES</b>			
Trade creditors - <i>Unsecured</i>		27,862,534	29,697,402
Accrued liabilities		91,918,207	124,002,534
Advances from customers - <i>Unsecured</i>		4,212,949	4,745,943
Infrastructure tax	13.1	44,768,348	40,125,317
Workers' Profit Participation Fund	13.2	17,225,428	22,727,936
Workers' Welfare Fund	13.3	18,209,733	15,681,569
Unclaimed dividend		3,233,641	2,190,592
Other payables - <i>Unsecured</i>		7,336,705	5,935,559
		<u>214,767,545</u>	<u>245,106,852</u>

**13.1** This represents tax levied by the Sindh Government on movement of imported goods entering the Sindh Province from outside Pakistan.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>13.2 Workers' Profit Participation Fund</b>			
As at beginning of the year		<b>22,727,936</b>	10,755,645
Interest on funds utilized by the Company	13.2.1	<b>5,731,423</b>	1,341,777
Charged to profit or loss for the year	30	<b>17,174,668</b>	22,677,176
Paid during the year		<b>(28,408,599)</b>	(12,046,662)
As at end of the year		<b><u>17,225,428</u></b>	<u>22,727,936</u>
13.2.1 Interest is charged at 75% (2013: 37.5%) per annum.			
<b>13.3 Workers' Welfare Fund</b>			
As at beginning of the year		<b>15,681,569</b>	7,064,242
Charged to profit or loss for the year	30	<b>6,526,374</b>	8,617,327
Paid/adjusted during the year		<b>(3,998,210)</b>	-
As at end of the year		<b><u>18,209,733</u></b>	<u>15,681,569</u>
<b>14 ACCRUED INTEREST/MARK-UP</b>			
Long term finances		<b>4,019,521</b>	5,446,053
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		<b>79,360</b>	279,717
Short term borrowings		<b>3,821,413</b>	5,003,861
		<b><u>7,920,294</u></b>	<u>10,729,631</u>
<b>15 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS</b>			
These represent secured short term finances utilized under interest/mark-up arrangements from banking companies			
Running finances	15.1	<b>18,264,306</b>	47,161,337
Term loans	15.1	<b>199,394,337</b>	113,620,000
		<b><u>217,658,643</u></b>	<u>160,781,337</u>

**15.1** These facilities have been obtained from various banking companies for working capital requirements and are secured by charge over all present and future current assets of the Company, lien over documents of title of imported goods, lien over firm export orders, trust receipts, demand promissory notes, counter guarantees, specific indemnities and personal guarantees of the Company's Directors.

Interest/mark-up on running finances is payable quarterly whereas interest/mark-up on terms loans is payable along with principal on maturity, except where interest/mark-up is paid in advance at the time of disbursement. Local currency finances carry mark up at rates ranging from one to three months KIBOR plus 0.1% to 1.5% per annum (2013: one to three months KIBOR plus 0.1% to 1.5% per annum).

The aggregate available short term funded facilities amounts to Rs. 3,377 million (2013: Rs. 3,127 million) out of which Rs. 3,159 million (2013: Rs.2,966 million) remained unavailed as at the reporting date.

**15.2** For mortgages and charges on assets as security for liabilities, refer to note 42 to the financial statements.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b> <i>Rupees</i>	2013 <i>Rupees</i>
<b>16 CURRENT PORTION OF NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			
Long term finances	9	<b>62,500,000</b>	93,886,641
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	10	<b>3,528,585</b>	7,685,358
		<u><b>66,028,585</b></u>	<u>101,571,999</u>

**17 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

**17.1 Contingencies**

17.1.1	Guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the Company	<u><b>137,641,844</b></u>	<u>64,395,941</u>
17.1.2	Bills discounted/negotiated	<u><b>54,437,622</b></u>	<u>332,083,754</u>
17.1.3	The Company may have to indemnify its Directors for any losses that may arise due to personal guarantees given by them for securing the debts of the Company, in case the Company defaults.		
17.1.4	Contingencies related to tax matters are referred to in note 33 to the financial statements.		

		<b>2014</b> <i>Rupees</i>	2013 <i>Rupees</i>
<b>17.2 Commitments</b>			
17.2.1	Commitments under irrevocable letters of credit for:		
	- purchase of stores, spare and loose tools	<b>6,628,635</b>	5,650,477
	- purchase of raw material	<b>89,372,952</b>	84,348,303
		<u><b>96,001,587</b></u>	<u>89,998,780</u>

**17.2.2 Commitments under operating leases**

The Company has rented office premises from an associated undertaking under operating lease arrangements. Lease agreement covers a period of one year and is renewable/extendable on mutual consent. Lease rentals are payable quarterly in advance. Commitments for payments in future periods under the lease agreement are as follows:

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b> <i>Rupees</i>	2013 <i>Rupees</i>
- payments not later than one year		<b>300,000</b>	264,000
- payments later than one year		-	-
		<u><b>300,000</b></u>	<u>264,000</u>

**18 FIXED ASSETS**

Property, plant and equipment

Operating fixed assets	18.1	<b>996,737,441</b>	1,002,596,544
Capital work in progress	18.2	-	-
		<b>996,737,441</b>	1,002,596,544
Intangible asset under development - Software	18.3	<b>14,785,288</b>	-
		<u><b>1,011,522,729</b></u>	<u>1,002,596,544</u>

## 18.1 Operating fixed assets

	2014										Net book value as at June 30, 2014 Rupees
	COST					DEPRECIATION					
	As at July 01, 2013 Rupees	Additions Rupees	Disposals Rupees	Transfers Rupees	As at June 30, 2014 Rupees	Rate %	As at July 01, 2013 Rupees	For the year Rupees	Disposal/ transfer adjustment Rupees	As at June 30, 2014 Rupees	
<b>Assets owned by the Company</b>											
Freehold land	6,093,568	-	-	-	6,093,568	-	-	-	-	-	6,093,568
Buildings on freehold land											
Mills	173,401,446	-	-	-	173,401,446	10	111,605,323	6,179,612	-	117,784,935	55,616,511
Other factory buildings	68,841,136	-	-	-	68,841,136	5	25,866,952	2,148,709	-	28,015,661	40,825,475
Non-factory buildings	6,773,921	-	-	3,364,017	10,137,938	10	4,250,398	448,566	-	4,698,964	5,438,964
	249,016,503	-	-	3,364,017	252,380,520		141,722,673	8,776,907	-	150,499,580	101,880,940
Plant and machinery	1,546,804,440	-	(21,827,195)	123,496,696	1,648,473,941	10	767,641,443	82,372,642	(4,101,189)	845,912,896	802,561,045
Electric installations and equipment	77,775,017	-	-	-	77,775,017	10	45,594,187	3,218,083	-	48,812,270	28,962,747
Factory equipment	6,582,763	-	-	-	6,582,763	10	4,296,348	228,642	-	4,524,990	2,057,773
Laboratory equipment	11,166,359	-	-	-	11,166,359	10	6,261,402	490,496	-	6,751,898	4,414,461
Fire fighting equipment	1,846,665	-	-	-	1,846,665	10	1,364,161	48,250	-	1,412,411	434,254
Office equipment	12,661,131	514,456	-	-	13,175,587	10	8,957,933	398,311	-	9,356,244	3,819,343
Furniture and fixtures	6,922,603	-	-	-	6,922,603	10	4,423,645	249,896	-	4,673,541	2,249,062
Arms and ammunition	763,013	-	(131,500)	-	631,513	10	540,653	18,958	(92,016)	467,595	163,918
Vehicles	48,541,856	8,593,900	(4,936,309)	4,075,000	56,274,447	20	16,777,327	7,229,187	(443,091)	23,563,423	32,711,024
	1,968,173,918	9,108,356	(26,895,004)	130,935,713	2,081,322,983		997,579,772	103,031,372	(4,636,296)	1,095,974,848	985,348,135
<b>Assets subject to finance lease</b>											
Plant and machinery	43,643,313	-	-	(28,209,309)	15,434,004	10	13,500,329	2,577,094	(12,032,725)	4,044,698	11,389,306
Vehicles	4,075,000	-	-	(4,075,000)	-	20	2,215,586	278,912	(2,494,498)	-	-
	2,015,892,231	9,108,356	(26,895,004)	98,651,404	2,096,756,987		1,013,295,687	105,887,378	(19,163,519)	1,100,019,546	996,737,441

	2013									
	COST					DEPRECIATION				
	As at July 01, 2012 Rupees	Additions Rupees	Disposals Rupees	Transfers Rupees	As at June 30, 2013 Rupees	Rate %	For the year Rupees	Disposal/ Transfer adjustment Rupees	As at June 30, 2013 Rupees	Net book value as at June 30, 2013 Rupees
<b>Assets owned by the Company</b>										
Freehold land	6,093,568	-	-	-	6,093,568	-	-	-	-	6,093,568
Buildings on freehold land										
Mills	173,401,446	-	-	-	173,401,446	10	6,866,236	-	111,605,323	61,796,123
Other factory buildings	68,841,136	-	-	-	68,841,136	5	2,261,799	-	25,866,952	42,974,184
Non-factory buildings	6,773,921	-	-	-	6,773,921	10	280,391	-	4,250,398	2,523,523
	249,016,503	-	-	-	249,016,503		9,408,426	-	141,722,673	107,293,830
Plant and machinery	1,411,745,377	-	(54,539,875)	189,598,938	1,546,804,440	10	738,629,783	(42,689,746)	767,641,443	779,162,997
Electric installation and equipment	77,775,017	-	-	-	77,775,017	10	42,018,539	-	45,594,187	32,180,830
Factory equipment	6,582,763	-	-	-	6,582,763	10	4,042,302	-	4,296,348	2,286,415
Laboratory equipment	11,166,359	-	-	-	11,166,359	10	5,716,407	-	6,281,402	4,904,957
Fire fighting equipment	1,846,665	-	-	-	1,846,665	10	1,310,549	-	1,384,161	482,504
Office equipment	12,516,241	144,890	-	-	12,661,131	10	8,554,331	-	8,957,933	3,703,198
Furniture and fixtures	6,737,762	184,841	-	-	6,922,603	10	4,160,849	-	4,423,645	2,498,958
Arms and ammunition	763,013	-	-	-	763,013	10	515,946	-	540,653	222,360
Vehicles	24,366,468	25,499,171	(5,084,248)	3,760,465	48,541,856	20	13,835,536	(943,195)	16,777,327	31,764,529
	1,808,609,736	25,828,902	(59,624,123)	193,359,403	1,968,173,918		90,114,224	(43,632,941)	997,579,772	970,594,146
<b>Assets subject to finance lease</b>										
Plant and machinery	43,643,313	-	-	-	43,643,313	10	3,349,220	-	13,500,329	30,142,984
Vehicles	7,835,465	-	-	(3,760,465)	4,075,000	20	3,253,874	(1,954,606)	2,215,586	1,859,414
	1,860,088,514	25,828,902	(59,624,123)	189,598,938	2,015,892,231		94,379,762	(45,587,547)	1,013,295,687	1,002,596,544

18.1.1 Transfers represent transfers from capital work in progress on related assets becoming available for use and those from assets subject to finance lease on transfer of title to the Company at the end of lease term.

## 18.1.2 Disposal of operating fixed assets

Particulars	2014						
	Cost Rupees	Accumulated depreciation Rupees	Net book value Rupees	Disposal proceeds Rupees	Gain/(loss) on disposal Rupees	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyer
<b>Plant and machinery</b>							
Vision Shield	4,737,455	2,405,106	2,332,349	2,000,000	(332,349)	Negotiation	Olympia Textile Mills Limited
Comber Set	2,987,879	2,337,075	650,804	389,830	(260,974)	Negotiation	Imran Textile Machinery Traders
Auto Coner Murata 60 Spindle	4,496,480	4,149,352	347,128	500,000	152,872	Negotiation	Colony Mills Limited
Auto Coner Murata 60 Spindle	9,605,381	7,242,381	2,363,000	2,500,000	137,000	Negotiation	Colony Mills Limited
	21,827,195	16,133,914	5,693,281	5,389,830	(303,451)		
<b>Arms and ammunition</b>							
12 Bore Pump Action	70,000	50,020	19,980	13,000	(6,980)	Negotiation	M. Siddique Asia Repair Shop
12 Bore Pump Action	42,000	28,680	13,320	2,500	(10,820)	Negotiation	M. Siddique Asia Repair Shop
44 Bore	19,500	13,316	6,184	9,500	3,316	Negotiation	M. Siddique Asia Repair Shop
	131,500	92,016	39,484	25,000	(14,484)		
<b>Vehicles</b>							
Honda Civic	1,457,490	1,011,342	446,148	570,000	123,852	Negotiation	Hassan Jameel Saddiqui, Lahore
Honda CD - 70	67,860	34,834	33,026	24,500	(8,526)	Negotiation	Muhammad Irfan, Lahore
Honda CD - 70	65,381	43,718	21,663	36,000	14,337	Negotiation	Asad Malak, Lahore
Honda City	1,252,000	685,762	566,238	650,000	83,762	Negotiation	Mansoor Mughal, Lahore
Suzuki Liana	1,099,000	601,959	497,041	490,000	(7,041)	Negotiation	Amjad Khokhar, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus	862,000	472,146	389,854	425,000	35,146	Negotiation	Khuram Ayub, Lahore
Honda CD - 70	65,428	42,544	22,884	21,000	(1,884)	Negotiation	Muhammad Sarwar, Lahore
Honda CD - 70	67,150	45,284	21,866	36,000	14,134	Negotiation	Hassan Ali, Lahore
	4,936,309	2,937,589	1,998,720	2,252,500	253,780		
	26,895,004	19,163,519	7,731,485	7,667,330	(64,155)		

2013

**Plant and machinery**

	Cost Rupees	Accumulated depreciation Rupees	Net book value Rupees	Disposal proceeds Rupees	Gain/(loss) on disposal Rupees	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyer
Auto coner	7,555,556	6,797,213	758,343	800,000	41,657	Negotiation	Sawabi Textile Mills Limited
Auto coner	7,555,556	6,809,958	745,598	686,224	(59,374)	Negotiation	Azarn Javed Traders
Generator	2,925,849	1,921,018	1,004,831	1,000,000	(4,831)	Negotiation	Fazal Colth Textile Mills Limited
Comber Set	2,987,879	2,314,633	673,246	474,138	(199,108)	Negotiation	Hydery Traders
Auto coner	7,555,556	6,848,194	707,362	800,000	92,638	Negotiation	Colony Textile Mills Limited
Auto coner	4,496,480	3,783,567	712,913	800,000	87,087	Negotiation	Waqas Spinning Mills (Private) Limited
Parcopine	430,620	317,081	113,539	115,000	1,461	Market value	Nagina Cotton Mills Limited
2-Cross Roll Cards	2,812,322	1,896,873	915,449	500,000	(415,449)	Market value	Nagina Cotton Mills Limited
4-Cross Roll Cards	7,000,484	3,874,618	3,125,866	1,300,000	(1,825,866)	Market value	Nagina Cotton Mills Limited
Walker Yarn Conditioning Machine	6,066,893	3,518,973	2,547,920	625,000	(1,922,920)	Market value	Nagina Cotton Mills Limited
Sanco Air Compressor	656,200	483,182	173,018	80,000	(93,018)	Market value	Nagina Cotton Mills Limited
Auto coner	4,496,480	4,124,436	372,044	250,000	(122,044)	Negotiation	Abdul Majeed and Sons, Karachi
	54,539,875	42,689,746	11,850,129	7,430,362	(4,419,767)		
<b>Vehicles</b>							
Honda City	912,370	598,456	313,914	500,000	186,086	Negotiation	Shahid Sultan, Lahore
Suzuki Liana	954,340	477,764	476,576	500,000	23,424	Negotiation	Omer Shehzad, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus	923,423	479,687	443,736	470,000	26,264	Negotiation	Mehwish Tauqeer, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus	927,423	537,262	390,161	475,000	84,839	Negotiation	Muhammad Asif, Lahore
Suzuki Pickup	411,909	308,654	103,255	176,000	72,745	Negotiation	Khurram Ayub, Lahore
Hyundai Shahzoor	954,783	495,978	458,805	500,000	41,195	Negotiation	Nazar Hussain, Lahore
	5,084,248	2,897,801	2,186,447	2,621,000	434,553		
	59,624,123	45,587,547	14,036,576	10,051,362	(3,985,214)		

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>18.1.3</b> The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:			
Cost of sales	27	<b>100,306,657</b>	90,686,013
Administrative and general expenses	29	<b>5,580,721</b>	3,693,749
		<b><u>105,887,378</u></b>	<u>94,379,762</u>

**18.2 Capital work in progress**

	<b>2014</b>			
	<b>As at July 01, 2013</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Transfers</b>	<b>As at June 30, 2014</b>
	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
Building	-	<b>3,364,017</b>	<b>(3,364,017)</b>	-
Plant and machinery	-	<b>95,287,387</b>	<b>(95,287,387)</b>	-
	-	<b><u>98,651,404</u></b>	<b><u>(98,651,404)</u></b>	-
	<b>2013</b>			
	<b>As at July 01, 2012</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Transfers</b>	<b>As at June 30, 2013</b>
	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
Building	-	-	-	-
Plant and machinery	-	189,598,938	(189,598,938)	-
	-	<b><u>189,598,938</u></b>	<b><u>(189,598,938)</u></b>	-

**18.3 Intangible asset under development - Software**

This represents expenditure incurred on implementation of Oracle Financials Suite which is in progress as at reporting date.

**19 LONG TERM DEPOSITS**

These have been deposited with various utility companies and regulatory authorities. These are classified as 'loans and receivables' under IAS 39 'Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement' which are required to be carried at amortized cost. However, these, being held for an indefinite period with no fixed maturity date, are carried at cost as their amortized cost is impracticable to determine.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>

**20 STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS**

Stores		<b>28,470,435</b>	42,667,487
Spares		<b>5,008,951</b>	5,754,691
Loose tools		<b>232,520</b>	259,267
		<b><u>33,711,906</u></b>	<u>48,681,445</u>

20.1 There are no spare parts held exclusively for capitalization as at the reporting date.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>21 STOCK IN TRADE</b>			
Raw material		<b>688,687,564</b>	582,446,732
Work in process		<b>46,327,710</b>	42,484,186
Finished goods	21.1	<b>24,300,229</b>	72,989,279
		<b><u>759,315,503</u></b>	<u>697,920,197</u>

21.1 Stock of finished goods include stock of waste valued at Rs. 8,105,966 (2013: Rs. 4,016,271). The entire stock of waste is valued at net realizable value.

21.2 Entire stock in trade, with exception of stock of waste, is carried at cost being lower than net realizable value.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>22 TRADE DEBTS</b>			
Local - <i>unsecured, considered good</i>		<b>248,921,967</b>	153,714,819
Foreign - <i>secured</i>	22.1	<b>61,753,779</b>	47,254,899
		<b><u>310,675,746</u></b>	<u>200,969,718</u>

22.1 These are secured through letters of credit

**23 ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

Advances to suppliers - <i>unsecured, considered good</i>		<b>6,948,475</b>	8,132,667
Advances to employees - <i>unsecured, considered good</i>	23.1	<b>326,178</b>	584,390
Prepayments		<b>1,147,339</b>	1,103,331
Export rebate receivable		<b>659,924</b>	852,878
Letters of credit		<b>61,860,236</b>	32,312,271
Sales tax refundable		<b>7,255,770</b>	47,059,339
Other receivables - <i>unsecured, considered good</i>		<b>127,608</b>	65,108
		<b><u>78,325,530</u></b>	<u>90,109,984</u>

23.1 These represent advances to employees for purchases and expenses on behalf of the Company and those against future salaries and post employment benefits in accordance with the Company policy. No advances have been given to any of the directors or executives of the Company.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>24 ADVANCE INCOME TAX</b>			
Advance income tax/income tax refundable		<b>87,400,802</b>	103,362,062
Provision for taxation	33	<b>(64,356,320)</b>	(70,548,190)
		<b><u>23,044,482</u></b>	<u>32,813,872</u>

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>25 BANK BALANCES</b>			
Current accounts in local currency		<b>133,237,515</b>	55,032,379
Deposit/saving accounts in local currency	25.1	-	50,029,053
Deposit/saving accounts in foreign currency	25.1	<b>31,158</b>	31,158
		<u><b>133,268,673</b></u>	<u>105,092,590</u>

25.1 Effective mark-up rate in respect of deposit/saving accounts, for the year, ranges from 3.7% to 4.9% (2013: 6% to 7%) per annum.

## 26 SALES - NET

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>			
		<i>Yarn Rupees</i>	<i>Raw cotton, polyester etc. Rupees</i>	<i>Waste Rupees</i>	<i>Total Rupees</i>
Local		<b>1,986,398,663</b>	<b>219,123,269</b>	<b>60,385,606</b>	<b>2,265,907,538</b>
Export	26.1	<b>3,416,136,364</b>	<b>104,432,371</b>	<b>3,520,568,735</b>	
Gross sales		<b>5,402,535,027</b>	<b>219,123,269</b>	<b>164,817,977</b>	<b>5,786,476,273</b>
Export rebate		-	-	-	-
Sales tax		<b>(73,224,201)</b>	<b>(2,607,640)</b>	<b>(1,160,546)</b>	<b>(76,992,387)</b>
		<u><b>5,329,310,826</b></u>	<u><b>216,515,629</b></u>	<u><b>163,657,431</b></u>	<u><b>5,709,483,886</b></u>
		<b>2013</b>			
		<i>Yarn Rupees</i>	<i>Raw cotton, polyester etc. Rupees</i>	<i>Waste Rupees</i>	<i>Total Rupees</i>
Local		<b>2,633,144,363</b>	<b>30,108,760</b>	<b>27,150,754</b>	<b>2,690,403,877</b>
Export	26.1	<b>2,095,775,092</b>	-	<b>126,683,020</b>	<b>2,222,458,112</b>
Gross sales		<b>4,728,919,455</b>	<b>30,108,760</b>	<b>153,833,774</b>	<b>4,912,861,989</b>
Export rebate		<b>1,101,328</b>	-	-	<b>1,101,328</b>
Sales tax		<b>(54,921,231)</b>	<b>(433,496)</b>	<b>(182,916)</b>	<b>(55,537,643)</b>
		<u><b>4,675,099,552</b></u>	<u><b>29,675,264</b></u>	<u><b>153,650,858</b></u>	<u><b>4,858,425,674</b></u>

26.1 Yarn export sales include indirect exports amounting to Rs. 2,346,798,915 (2013: Rs. 1,181,577,998).

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b> <i>Rupees</i>	2013 <i>Rupees</i> <i>(Restated)</i>
<b>27 COST OF SALES</b>			
Raw material consumed	27.1	3,936,727,892	3,158,937,716
Stores, spares and loose tools consumed		182,672,557	175,891,674
Salaries, wages and benefits	27.2	276,542,823	238,687,011
Insurance		10,935,357	9,867,990
Power and fuel		559,657,147	481,736,109
Repair and maintenance		5,675,284	6,722,156
Depreciation	18.1.3	100,306,657	90,686,013
Others		16,791,474	24,365,043
<b>Manufacturing cost</b>		<b>5,089,309,191</b>	4,186,893,712
Work in process			
As at beginning of the year		42,484,186	40,975,482
As at end of the year		(46,327,710)	(42,484,186)
		<b>(3,843,524)</b>	(1,508,704)
<b>Cost of goods manufactured</b>		<b>5,085,465,667</b>	4,185,385,008
Finished goods			
As at beginning of the year		72,989,279	73,375,095
Purchased during the year		22,808,917	17,771,752
As at end of the year		(24,300,229)	(72,989,279)
		<b>71,497,967</b>	18,157,568
		<b>5,156,963,634</b>	4,203,542,576
<b>27.1 Raw material consumed</b>			
As at beginning of the year		582,446,732	622,380,621
Purchased during the year		4,042,968,724	3,119,003,827
As at end of the year		(688,687,564)	(582,446,732)
		<b>3,936,727,892</b>	3,158,937,716
<b>27.2</b> These include charge in respect of employees retirement benefits amounting to Rs. 14,939,980 (2013: Rs. 9,846,759).			

	<b>2014</b> <i>Rupees</i>	2013 <i>Rupees</i>
<b>28 DISTRIBUTION COST</b>		
<b>Export</b>		
Ocean freight and forwarding	18,600,617	15,006,180
Commission	9,713,183	14,605,214
Export development surcharge	2,746,505	2,534,573
	<b>31,060,305</b>	32,145,967
<b>Local</b>		
Inland transportation	12,188,639	12,068,304
Commission	8,484,616	5,093,356
Others	1,359,181	1,416,417
	<b>22,032,436</b>	18,578,077
	<b>53,092,741</b>	50,724,044

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<i>(Restated)</i>			
<b>29 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</b>			
Directors' remuneration	43	11,279,059	11,627,951
Directors' meeting fee	43	250,000	150,000
Salaries and benefits	29.1	36,193,133	31,811,141
Rent, rates and taxes		564,000	504,000
Printing and stationery		943,881	862,984
Communication		2,320,966	1,557,131
Electricity		2,273,470	2,498,300
Repair and maintenance		977,953	299,689
Vehicles running and maintenance		3,807,689	2,889,147
Traveling and conveyance		6,632,589	5,231,317
Legal and professional charges		1,282,411	1,322,793
Auditors' remuneration	29.2	935,000	910,000
Fee and subscription		2,000,068	1,689,269
Entertainment		862,250	322,728
Insurance		3,151,153	2,465,590
Depreciation	18.1.3	5,580,721	3,693,749
Others		221,809	415,959
		<u>79,276,152</u>	<u>68,251,748</u>

29.1 These include charge in respect of employees retirement benefits amounting to Rs. 5,445,965 (2013: Rs. 3,589,369).

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>29.2 Auditor's remuneration</b>			
Annual statutory audit		750,000	750,000
Half yearly review		125,000	100,000
Review report under Code of Corporate Governance		50,000	50,000
Out of pocket expenses		10,000	10,000
		<u>935,000</u>	<u>910,000</u>

### 30 OTHER EXPENSES

#### Loss on financial instruments

Foreign exchange loss - 1,006,498

#### Other expenses

Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	18.1.2	64,155	3,985,214
Workers' Profit Participation Fund	13.2	17,174,668	22,677,176
Workers' Welfare Fund	13.3	6,526,374	8,617,327
Donations	30.1	440,000	400,000
		<u>24,205,197</u>	<u>35,679,717</u>
		<u>24,205,197</u>	<u>36,686,215</u>

30.1 None of the directors or their spouses had any interest in donations made by the Company.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>31 OTHER INCOME</b>			
<b>Gain on financial instruments</b>			
Gain on disposal of short term investments		2,855,764	2,531,647
Return on bank deposits		101,526	14,611
Doubtful debts recovered		-	400,200
Foreign exchange gain		3,870,312	-
		<b>6,827,602</b>	2,946,458
<b>Other income</b>			
Scrap sale		968,562	1,466,936
		<b>7,796,164</b>	<b>4,413,394</b>
<b>32 FINANCE COST</b>			
Interest / mark-up on borrowings:			
long term finances	32.1	40,892,226	36,189,574
liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	32.2	1,204,987	2,456,450
short term borrowings		28,992,476	33,855,782
		<b>71,089,689</b>	72,501,806
Interest on workers' profit participation fund		5,731,423	1,341,777
Bank charges and commission		7,153,898	7,367,689
		<b>83,975,010</b>	<b>81,211,272</b>

**32.1** This includes interest/mark-up rate subsidy amounting to Rs. 1,646,979 (2013: Rs. 1,876,169) recognized as government grants. See note 35.

**32.2** This includes interest/mark-up rate subsidy amounting to Rs. 117,293 (2013: Rs. 171,533) recognized as government grants. See note 35.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
			<i>(Restated)</i>
<b>33 PROVISION FOR TAXATION</b>			
Current taxation			
for current year	24 & 33.1	64,356,320	70,548,190
for prior years		1,158,363	-
		<b>65,514,683</b>	70,548,190
Deferred taxation			
for current year	12.1	2,643,441	1,540,047
adjustment attributable to changes in tax rates		(4,293,604)	-
		<b>(1,650,163)</b>	1,540,047
		<b>63,864,520</b>	<b>72,088,237</b>

**33.1** Provision for current tax has been made in accordance with section 18 and section 154 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 ('the Ordinance').

	<i>Unit</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
<b>33.2 Reconciliation between average effective tax rate and applicable tax rate</b>			
Profit before taxation	<b>Rupees</b>	<u>319,767,316</u>	<u>422,423,213</u>
Provision for taxation	<b>Rupees</b>	<u>63,864,520</u>	<u>72,088,237</u>
Average effective tax rate	%	19.97	17.07
Tax effects of:			
Items not included in determination of taxable income	%	(5.03)	(5.42)
Admissible deductions, losses and tax credits	%	7.21	13.26
Income taxable under final tax regime	%	11.69	10.46
Adjustment for current tax of prior years	%	(0.36)	-
Provision for deferred taxation	%	0.52	0.12
Applicable tax rate	%	<u>34.00</u>	<u>35.49</u>

**33.3** Assessments upto assessment year 2002-2003 have been finalized under the relevant provisions of the Repealed Income Tax Ordinance, 1979.

**33.4** The income tax assessments of the company up to and including tax year 2013 have been completed by the concerned income tax authorities or are deemed to have been so completed under the provisions of section 120 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 ('Ordinance') except for the tax years highlighted below.

**33.5** The Company's case was selected for audit by the department for tax year 2003 in terms of section 177 of the Ordinance. On conclusion of audit proceedings, the department, through order passed under section 122(1) of the Ordinance, raised a tax demand of Rs. 8,458,874. The Company filed an appeal before CIR (A) against this order and CIR (A), through order, dismissed certain disallowances / additions made by the Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue ('ACIR') and upheld some of them against which the Company filed an appeal before Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue ('ATIR'). Moreover, the department also went into cross appeal against the CIR (A)'s order before ATIR. Both appeals are pending for adjudication.

**33.6** The assessment for the tax year 2005 was amended under section 122(5A) of the Ordinance through order dated June 06, 2011, issued by the ACIR, thereby creating a demand of Rs 5,374,044 which was further rectified by the department on rectification application to a demand of Rs. 452,722. The Company filed revised return for the tax year 2005 on March 27, 2012 consequent to the decision of ATIR passed in the Company's case in the tax year 2004, whereby the ATIR confirmed an addition of Rs. 9,689,817 million made by the ACIR on account of unpaid liability under section 34(5) of the Ordinance. In respect of transitional tax year 2005, a rectification order dated March 31, 2011 has been passed by the ACIR under section 221 of the Ordinance thereby creating a demand of Rs. 2,832,615 against the Company by aligning the refund adjustment relating to the tax year 2005 according to the departmental records.

The Company has filed an appeal against the above referred orders of the both the years before the CIR(A). The CIR(A) accepted the Company's appeal on all the issues except on the issue of minimum tax. The Company has filed appeal before the ATIR, against the order of CIR(A), on the issue of minimum tax for both tax years. The department also went into cross appeal before the ATIR on the issues of apportionment of 'export rebate' and 'financial charges', deletion of 'interest on Workers' Profit Participation Fund' and inclusion of other income in turnover for the purposes of minimum tax under section 113 of the Ordinance. The cross appeals are yet to be fixed for hearing.

**33.7** In respect of tax year 2006, the ACIR finalized proceedings under section 122(5A) of the Ordinance through order dated June 30, 2012, wherein a demand of Rs. 4.855 million was raised against the Company on the grounds that minimum tax under section 113 of the Ordinance is to be levied in addition to tax under final tax regime. The Company appealed against the order with CIR(A) and applied for rectification on account of correction of charge of 'Workers' Welfare Fund' and 'brought forward losses' under section 221 of the Ordinance. The CIR (A), through order dated February 22, 2013, decided the above mentioned appeal by upholding the levy of minimum tax over and above paid under the final tax regime. The Company has file an appeal with the ATIR which yet to be fixed for hearing. The rectification application has, however, not yet been taken up for disposal.

- 33.8** In respect of tax year 2008, the ACIR initiated proceedings under section 122(5A) of the Ordinance through issuance of notice under section 122(9) of the Ordinance wherein intentions were shown to amend proceedings on certain grounds. The proceedings were finalized through order dated March 8, 2013 wherein a demand of Rs. 4.791 million was raised against the Company mainly on account of minimum tax, levied over and above the tax paid under the final tax regime. The Company has filed appeal against the order with the CIR(A) which was disposed off through order dated October 11, 2013. The issue was decided against the Company. The Company has filed an appeal before the ATIR contesting the issue which is yet to be fixed for hearing.
- 33.9** In respect of tax year 2011, the ACIR initiated proceedings under section 122(5A) of the Ordinance through issuance of notice wherein intentions were shown to amend proceedings on the certain grounds, the proceedings were finalised through order dated October 31, 2013 wherein a demand of Rs. 237,313 was raised against the Company mainly on account of allocation of expenses to income under final tax regime and disallowance of interest on WPPF. The Company has filed an appeal against the order before the CIR(A) which is yet to be fixed for hearing.
- 33.10** The DCIR passed a rectification order under section 121 of the Ordinance, thereby enhancing the Company's liability by Rs. 5,801,503 in respect of the tax year 2010. The Company has filed an appeal against this order before the CIR(A) which is pending for adjudication.
- 33.11** The Government of Pakistan vide Finance Act 2013 notified a reduced tax rate of 34% for tax year 2014 as compared 35% applicable to previous years for Companies.

<i>Unit</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>(Restated)</i>

**34 EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED**

Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	<i>Rupees</i>	<u><b>255,902,796</b></u>	<u>350,334,976</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	<i>No. of shares</i>	<u><b>10,950,000</b></u>	<u>10,950,000</u>
Earnings per share - <i>basic and diluted</i>	<i>Rupees</i>	<u><b>23.37</b></u>	<u>31.99</u>

There is no diluting effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company.

**35 GOVERNMENT GRANTS**

During the year, the Company recognized Rs. 1,764,272 (2013: Rs. 2,047,702) as interest/mark-up rate subsidy which has been accounted for as government grant in accordance with IAS 20 'Government Grants'. The amount has been deducted in reporting interest/markup expenses on relevant borrowings.

	2014	2013
	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
		<i>(Restated)</i>
<b>36 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS</b>		
<b>Profit before taxation</b>	<b>319,767,316</b>	422,423,213
<b>Adjustments for non-cash and other items</b>		
Interest/mark-up on borrowings	71,089,689	72,501,806
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	64,155	3,985,214
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(3,870,312)	1,006,498
Gain on disposal of short term investments	(2,855,764)	(2,531,647)
Provision for employees retirement benefits	20,385,945	13,436,128
Depreciation	105,887,378	94,379,762
	<b>190,701,091</b>	182,777,761
	<b>510,468,407</b>	605,200,974
<b>Changes in working capital</b>		
Stores, spares and loose tools	14,969,539	(15,821,728)
Stock in trade	(61,395,306)	38,811,001
Trade debts	(109,598,238)	(112,837,614)
Advances, prepayments and other receivables	11,784,454	(32,837,355)
Long term deposits	-	418,590
Trade and other payables	(31,248,451)	70,956,640
	<b>(175,488,002)</b>	(51,310,466)
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>334,980,405</b>	553,890,508
<b>37 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		
Bank balances	133,268,673	105,092,590
	<b>133,268,673</b>	105,092,590
<b>38 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES</b>		
<p>Related parties from the Company's perspective comprise associated companies and key management personnel. Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, and includes the Chief Executive and Directors of the Company.</p> <p>Transactions with key management personnel are limited to payment of short term employee benefits and dividend on ordinary shares. The Company in the normal course of business carries out various transactions with associated companies and continues to have a policy whereby all such transactions are carried out on commercial terms and conditions which are equivalent to those prevailing in an arm's length transaction.</p> <p>There are no balances outstanding with related parties as at the reporting date. Details of transactions with related parties is as follows:</p>		

		2014	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>38.1 Transactions with related parties</b>			
<b>Nature of relationship</b>	<b>Nature of transactions</b>		
Associated companies	Purchase of goods and services	11,718,348	21,689,407
	Sales of goods and services	1,399,206,653	1,230,890,675
	Dividend paid	26,634,610	13,317,305
Key management personnel	Short term employee benefits	11,529,059	11,777,951
	Dividend paid to directors and their family members	51,426,240	25,763,120
		<b>Note</b>	
		2014	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>

**39 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

**39.1 Financial instruments by class and category**

**39.1.1 Financial assets**

**Loans and receivables**

Long term deposits	19	7,090,700	7,090,700
Trade debts	22	310,675,746	200,969,718
Bank balances	25	133,268,673	105,092,590
		<u>451,035,119</u>	<u>313,153,008</u>

**39.1.2 Financial liabilities**

**Financial liabilities at amortized cost**

Long term finances	9	389,949,143	388,713,034
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	10	8,617,777	16,613,345
Short term borrowings	15	217,658,643	160,781,337
Accrued interest/mark-up	14	7,920,294	10,729,631
Trade creditors	13	27,862,534	29,697,402
Accrued liabilities	13	91,918,207	124,002,534
		<u>743,926,598</u>	<u>730,537,283</u>

**39.2 Fair values of financial instruments**

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or liability be settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. As at the reporting date, fair values of all financial instruments are considered to approximate their carrying amounts. Further, there are no fair value estimation uncertainties.

**39.2.1 Methods of determining fair values**

Fair values of financial instruments for which prices are available from the active market are measured by reference to those market prices. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities with no active market are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis based on inputs from other than observable market.

**39.2.2 Discount/interest rates used for determining fair values**

The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows, when applicable, are based on the government yield curve as at the reporting date plus an adequate credit spread.

#### 40 FINANCIAL RISK EXPOSURE AND MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk). These risks affect revenues, expenses and assets and liabilities of the Company.

The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for establishment and oversight of risk management framework. The Board of Directors has developed a risk policy that sets out fundamentals of risk management framework. The risk policy focuses on unpredictability of financial markets, the company's exposure to risk of adverse effects thereof and objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing such risks. The management team of the Company is responsible for administering and monitoring the financial and operational financial risk management throughout the company in accordance with the risk management framework.

The Company's exposure to financial risks, the way these risks affect the financial position and performance, and forecast transactions of the Company and the manner in which such risks are managed is as follows:

##### 40.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company, if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligations.

	<i>Note</i>	<b>2014</b>	2013
		<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>40.1.1 Maximum exposure to credit risk</b>			
The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the reporting date is as follows:			
<b>Loans and receivables</b>			
Long term deposits	19	7,090,700	7,090,700
Trade debts	22	310,675,746	200,969,718
Bank balances	25	133,268,673	105,092,590
		<u>451,035,119</u>	<u>313,153,008</u>

##### 40.1.2 Concentration of credit risk

The Company identifies concentrations of credit risk by reference to type of counter party. Maximum exposure to credit risk by type of counterparty is as follows:

	<b>2014</b>	2013
	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
Customers	310,675,746	200,969,718
Utility companies and regulatory authorities	7,090,700	7,090,700
Banking companies and financial institutions	133,268,673	105,092,590
	<u>451,035,119</u>	<u>313,153,008</u>

##### 40.1.3 Credit quality and impairment

Credit quality of financial assets is assessed by reference to external credit ratings, where available, or to historical information about counterparty default rates. All counterparties, with the exception of customers, have external credit ratings determined by various credit rating agencies. Credit quality of customers is assessed by reference to historical default rates and present ages of balances due from them.

##### 40.1.3(a) Counterparties with external credit ratings

These include banking companies and financial institutions, which are counterparties to investments in mutual funds, deposits with financial institutions and bank balances. These counterparties have reasonably high credit ratings as determined by various credit rating agencies. Due to long standing business relationships with these counterparties and considering their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counterparties on their obligations to the Company.

#### 40.1.3(b) Counterparties without external credit ratings

These include customers which are counter parties to trade debts and utility companies and regulatory authorities which are counter parties to long term deposits. Credit risk in respect of long term deposits is considered to be insignificant as non-performance by these parties is not expected. The Company is exposed to credit risk in respect of trade debts. The analysis of ages of trade debts as at the reporting date is as follows:

	2014		2013	
	Gross carrying amount <i>Rupees</i>	Accumulated Impairment <i>Rupees</i>	Gross carrying amount <i>Rupees</i>	Accumulated Impairment <i>Rupees</i>
Neither past due nor impaired	310,578,297	-	200,969,718	-
Past due by 0 to 12 months	97,449	-	-	-
Past due by more than 12 months	-	-	-	-
	<b>310,675,746</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>200,969,718</b>	<b>-</b>

The Company's one (2013: two) significant customers account for Rs. 39.37 million (2013: Rs. 65.41 million) of trade debts as at the reporting date, apart from which, exposure to any single customer does not exceed 10% (2013: 10%) of trade debts as at the reporting date. These significant customers have long standing business relationships with the Company and have a good payment record and accordingly non-performance by these customers is not expected. Further, trade debts amounting to Rs. 61.75 million (2013: Rs. 47.25 million) are secured through letters of credit and thus do not carry any significant credit risk.

#### 40.1.4 Collateral held

The Company does not hold any collateral to secure its financial assets with the exception of trade debts, which are partially secured through confirmed letters of credit.

#### 40.1.5 Credit risk management

As mentioned in note 40.1.3 to the financial statements, the Company's financial assets do not carry significant credit risk, with the exception of trade debts, which are exposed to losses arising from any non-performance by customers. In respect of trade debts, the Company manages credit risk by limiting significant exposure to any single customer. Formal policies and procedures of credit management and administration of trade debts are established and executed. In monitoring customer credit risk, the ageing profile of trade debts and individually significant balances, along with collection activities are reviewed on a regular basis. High risk customers are identified and restrictions are placed on future trading, including suspending future shipments and administering dispatches on a prepayment basis or confirmed letters of credit.

## 40.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

#### 40.2.1 Exposure to liquidity risk

The followings is the analysis of contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments.

	2014				
	Carrying amount Rupees	Contractual cash flows Rupees	One year or less Rupees	One to three years Rupees	More than three years Rupees
Long term finances	389,949,143	546,061,259	111,686,418	229,921,787	204,453,054
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	8,617,777	10,003,279	4,388,025	5,615,254	-
Short term borrowings	217,658,643	218,441,039	218,441,039	-	-
Accrued interest/mark-up	7,920,294	7,920,294	7,920,294	-	-
Trade creditors	27,862,534	27,862,534	27,862,534	-	-
Accrued liabilities	91,918,207	91,918,207	91,918,207	-	-
	<u>743,926,598</u>	<u>902,206,612</u>	<u>462,216,517</u>	<u>235,537,041</u>	<u>204,453,054</u>
	2013				
	Carrying amount Rupees	Contractual cash flows Rupees	One year or less Rupees	One to three years Rupees	More than three years Rupees
Long term finances	388,713,034	509,606,419	128,350,618	176,756,604	204,499,197
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	16,613,345	19,234,683	8,945,289	9,148,860	1,140,534
Short term borrowings	160,781,337	160,882,701	160,882,701	-	-
Accrued interest/mark-up	10,729,631	10,729,631	10,729,631	-	-
Trade creditors	29,697,402	29,697,402	29,697,402	-	-
Accrued liabilities	124,002,534	124,002,534	124,002,534	-	-
	<u>730,537,283</u>	<u>854,153,370</u>	<u>462,608,175</u>	<u>185,905,464</u>	<u>205,639,731</u>

#### 40.2.2 Liquidity risk management

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company monitors cash flow requirements and produces cash flow projections for the short and long term. Typically, the Company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational cash flows, including servicing of financial obligations. This includes maintenance of balance sheet liquidity ratios, debtors and creditors concentration both in terms of overall funding mix and avoidance of undue reliance on large individual customer. The Company also maintains various lines of credit with banking companies.

#### 40.3 Market risk

##### 40.3.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises from sales, purchases and resulting balances that are denominated in a currency other than functional currency.

##### 40.3.1(a) Exposure to currency risk

The Company's exposure to currency risk as at the reporting date is as follows:

	2014	2013
	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Short term borrowings	199,394,337	113,620,000
Accrued interest/mark-up	1,713,769	74,058
	<b>201,108,106</b>	113,694,058
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Trade debts	61,753,779	47,254,899
Bank balances	31,158	31,158
	<b>61,784,937</b>	47,286,057
Net exposure	<b>139,323,169</b>	<b>66,408,001</b>

**40.3.1(b) Exchange rates applied during the year**

All foreign currency balances are denominated in United States Dollars (US \$). Spot exchange rates applied are as follows:

	2014	2013
	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
Financial assets	<b>98.55</b>	98.75
Financial liabilities	<b>98.75</b>	98.95

**40.3.1(c) Sensitivity analysis**

A five percent appreciation in Pak Rupee against the US \$ would have increased profit for the year by Rs. 6.97 million (2013: Rs. 3.32 million). A five percent depreciation in Pak Rupee would have had an equal but opposite effect on profit for the year. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores the impact, if any, on provision for taxation for the year.

**40.3.1(d) Currency risk management**

The Company manages its exposure to currency risk through continuous monitoring of expected/forecast committed and non-committed foreign currency payments and receipts. Reports on forecast foreign currency transactions, receipts and payments are prepared on monthly basis, exposure to currency risk is measured and appropriate steps are taken to ensure that such exposure is minimized while optimizing return. This includes matching of foreign currency liabilities/payments to assets/receipts and using source inputs in foreign currency.

**40.3.2 Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates.

**40.3.2(a) Interest/mark-up bearing financial instruments**

The effective interest/mark-up rates for interest/mark-up bearing financial instruments are mentioned in relevant notes to the financial statements. The Company's interest/mark-up bearing financial instruments as at the reporting date are as follows:

	2014	2013
	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>
<b><i>Fixed rate instruments</i></b>		
Financial assets	-	-
Financial liabilities	-	-
<b><i>Variable rate instruments</i></b>		
Financial assets	<b>31,158</b>	50,060,211
Financial liabilities	<b>616,225,563</b>	566,107,716

#### **40.3.2(b) Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments**

The Company does not account for fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

#### **40.3.2(c) Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments**

An increase of 100 basis points in interest rates as at the reporting date would have decreased profit for the year by Rs. 6.16 million (2013: Rs. 5.16 million). A decrease of 100 basis points would have had an equal but opposite effect on profit for the year. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign exchange rates, remain constant and ignores the impact, if any, on provision for taxation for the year.

#### **40.3.2(d) Interest rate risk management**

The Company manages interest rate risk by analyzing its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis. Cash flow interest rate risk is managed by simulating various scenarios taking into consideration refinancing, renewal of existing positions and alternative financing. Based on these scenarios, the Company calculates impact on profit after taxation and equity of defined interest rate shift, mostly 100 basis points.

#### **40.3.3 Price risk**

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments. The Company is not exposed to price risk as at the reporting date.

### **41 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital and level of dividends to ordinary shareholders. The Company seeks to keep a balance between the higher return that might be possible with higher level of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The Company monitors capital using the gearing ratio which is debt divided by total capital employed. Debt comprises long term finances and liabilities against assets subject to finance lease, including current maturity. Total capital employed includes total equity as shown in the balance sheet plus debt. The Company's strategy is to maintain an optimal capital structure in order to minimize cost of capital. Gearing ratio of the Company as at the reporting date is as follows:

	<i>Unit</i>	2014	2013
Total debt	<i>Rupees</i>	<b>398,566,920</b>	405,326,379
Total equity	<i>Rupees</i>	<b>1,398,047,959</b>	1,251,395,737
Total capital employed		<b><u>1,796,614,879</u></b>	<u>1,656,722,116</u>
Gearing	<i>% age</i>	<b><u>22.18</u></b>	<u>24.47</u>

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements, except those related to maintenance of debt covenants, commonly imposed by the providers of debt finance.

	2014	2013
	<i>Rupees</i>	<i>Rupees</i>

**42 RESTRICTION ON TITLE, AND ASSETS PLEDGED/MORTGAGED AS SECURITY**

**Mortgages and charges**

Charge over current assets	5,636,845,898	5,115,845,898
Charge over fixed assets	1,429,000,000	1,429,000,000

**43 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES**

The aggregate amount charged to profit or loss in respect of chief executive, directors and executives on account of managerial remuneration, allowances and perquisites, post employment benefits and the number of such directors and executives is as follows:

	2014		
	Chief Executive <i>Rupees</i>	Directors <i>Rupees</i>	Executives <i>Rupees</i>
Managerial remuneration	2,859,960	3,740,160	9,290,400
Allowances and perquisites	2,390,858	2,288,081	4,652,400
Meeting fee	-	250,000	-
Post employment benefits	-	-	1,161,900
	<u>5,250,818</u>	<u>6,278,241</u>	<u>15,104,700</u>
Number of persons	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>9</u>
	2013		
	Chief Executive <i>Rupees</i>	Directors <i>Rupees</i>	Executives <i>Rupees</i>
Managerial remuneration	3,140,040	4,406,412	6,872,400
Allowances and perquisites	1,565,412	2,516,087	3,434,400
Meeting fee	-	150,000	-
Post employment benefits	-	-	758,900
	<u>4,705,452</u>	<u>7,072,499</u>	<u>11,065,700</u>
Number of persons	<u>1</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>8</u>

**43.1** Remuneration, allowances and meeting fee include Rs. 6,278,241 (2013: Rs. 4,662,822) paid to non-executive directors of the Company.

	2014	2013
	<i>No. of shares</i>	<i>No. of shares</i>

#### 44 SHARES IN THE COMPANY HELD BY ASSOCIATES

Ordinary shares in the Company held by associates are as follows:

Haroon Omer (Private) Limited	<b>664,572</b>	664,572
Monell (Private) Limited	<b>664,572</b>	664,572
Icaro (Private) Limited	<b>664,572</b>	664,572
ARH (Private) Limited	<b>628,400</b>	628,400
Ellahi International (Private) Limited.	<b>41,345</b>	41,345
	<b><u>2,663,461</u></b>	<b><u>2,663,461</u></b>

#### 45 SEGMENT INFORMATION

45.1 The Company is a single reportable segment.

45.2 All non-current assets of the Company are situated in Pakistan.

45.3 All sales of the Company have originated from Pakistan.

45.4 Sales include Rs. 1,366,850,535 (2013: Rs. 1,218,293,760) representing revenue derived from sales Prosperity Weaving Mills Limited. There is no other single significant external customer to whom sales in excess of 10% of the Company's total sales were made during the year.

#### 46 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 25, 2013 has proposed dividend on ordinary shares at Rs. 7 per ordinary share of Rs. 10 each. The proposed dividend is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

#### 47 PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION

	<i>Unit</i>	2014	2013
Number of spindles installed	<i>No.</i>	<b>54,528</b>	54,528
Plant capacity on the basis of utilization converted into 30s count	<i>Kgs</i>	<b>11,510,359</b>	11,002,549
Actual production converted into 30s count	<i>Kgs</i>	<b>10,556,810</b>	10,826,590

It is difficult to precisely compare production capacity and the resultant production converted into base count in the textile industry since it fluctuates widely depending on various factors such as count of yarn spun, raw materials used, spindle speed and twist etc. It would also vary according to pattern of production adopted in a particular year.

#### 48 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on September 25, 2014 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### 49 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

Total number of employees of the Company as at the reporting date are 1,068 (2013: 1,167). Average number of persons employed by the Company during the year are 1,034 (2013: 1,162).

**50 RECOVERABLE AMOUNTS AND IMPAIRMENT**

As at the reporting date, recoverable amounts of all assets/cash generating units are equal to or exceed their carrying amounts, unless stated otherwise in these financial statements.

**51 RE-CLASSIFICATIONS**

Exchange gain amounting to Rs. 3,628,617 (2013: exchange loss amounting to Rs. 984,866) has been re-classified from 'finance cost' to 'other income'/'other expenses' for better presentation.

**52 GENERAL**

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee. Comparative figures have been rearranged and reclassified, where necessary, for the purpose of comparison. However, there were no significant reclassifications during the year, with the exception of those referred to in note 51.

Lahore: September 25, 2014



**Amin Ellahi Shaikh**  
Director



**Shafqat Ellahi Shaikh**  
Mg. Director (Chief Executive)





**FORM OF PROXY**

The Secretary,  
**ELLCOT SPINNING MILLS LTD.**  
 Nagina House,  
 91-B-1, M.M. Alam Road,  
 Gulberg-III,  
 Lahore-54660.

I/We \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_  
 being member(s) of **ELLCOT SPINNING MILLS LTD.**, and holder of \_\_\_\_\_  
 Ordinary Shares as per Share Register Folio No. \_\_\_\_\_ (In case of Central Depository  
 System Account Holder A/c No. \_\_\_\_\_ Participant I.D. No. \_\_\_\_\_ -  
 \_\_\_\_\_) hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_ of  
 \_\_\_\_\_ who is member of the company as per Register Folio No. -  
 \_\_\_\_\_ (In case of Central Depository System Account Holder A/c No.  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Participant I.D. No. \_\_\_\_\_) or failing him/her  
 \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ who is  
 member of the Company as per Register Folio No. \_\_\_\_\_ (In case of Central  
 Depository System Account Holder A/c No. \_\_\_\_\_ Participant I.D. No.  
 \_\_\_\_\_) as my/our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 26<sup>th</sup> Annual  
 General Meeting of the Company to be held on October 27, 2014 and at any adjournment thereof.

Affix  
 Rs. 5/=  
 Revenue  
 Stamp

(Signature should agree with the  
 Specimen signature registered  
 with the Company)

Signed at \_\_\_\_\_ this the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2014

**NOTES:**

1. If a member is unable to attend the meeting, he/she may sign this form and send it to the Secretary so as to reach him not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
2. Members through CDC appointing proxies must attach attested copy of their Computerized National Identity Card with the proxy form.
3. The Shareholders through CDC, who wish to attend the Annual General Meeting are requested to please bring, original Computerized National Identity Card with copy thereof duly attested by their Bankers, Account Number and Participant I.D Number for identification purpose.
4. In case of corporate entity, certified copy of the Board of Directors resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form of the Company.

Ellicot Spinning Mills Limited  
Nagina House, 91-B-1, M.M. Alam Road,  
Gulberg-III Lahore-54660

[www.nagina.com](http://www.nagina.com)